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GRAND DUKE MICHAEL REPORTED PROCLAIMED TSAR AND MARCHING ON MOSCOW

AMERICANS STORM AND CAPTURE VAUX; TAKE 1,000 YARDS

Attack Also Made on Hill 204 Together With French

500 PRISONERS

German Regiment Is Annihilated and Enemy Rushes Up Reserves

COUNTERREPULSED

Heavy Fighting Is Expected When Reinforcements Are All Up

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 3.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this morning:

After a heavy bombardment the enemy last night attacked and recaptured a great part of the ground taken by us in a minor operation, northwestward of Albert, on the evening of the 30th.

We carried out successful raids in the neighborhoods of Boyelles, Moyenneville and Merris, taking a few prisoners in each case.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig wires this evening:

There is nothing to report.

Aviation.—The weather was fine yesterday but hazy. Our machines worked as usual but the enemy was less active. We destroyed thirteen aeroplanes and drove down nine out of control. Four of ours are missing.

We dropped nineteen tons of bombs on enemy railways, dumps and billets.

Vaux Is Taken

London, July 2.—The American official communique reports:

We stormed the village of Vaux, Bois-de-Laroche, and the neighboring woods in co-operation with the French, who advanced their line on Hill 204. We advanced our positions a thousand yards on a front of a mile and a half. The enemy losses in killed and wounded were heavy, his regiment holding the sector resisted obstinately and was practically annihilated. Our losses were relatively light. The German counter-attack was entirely repulsed. We took five hundred prisoners, increasing the number of prisoners taken during June in this vicinity to nearly 1,200. The material captured includes trench mortars, and sixty machine-guns.

Three of our aviators have not returned.

Germans Get Reinforcements

Reuter's correspondent at American headquarters wiring yesterday reported:

The Germans are bringing up considerable reinforcements consequent on the success obtained by the Americans northwest of Chateau-Thierry, when a complete regiment of enemy troops was virtually annihilated. Heavy fighting is expected. The enemy is furiously shelling Hill 204, in front of which fighting is proceeding.

There have been three successful American raids in the region of Montdidier during the past three days.

Germans Await More Big Guns?

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters reports:

The enemy's puzzling restfulness continues on the whole front. It has been conjectured that he is awaiting the arrival of guns of a type between the Bertha and the naval guns by means of which a large number of heavy shells can be thrown into Paris from a distance of forty or fifty miles, a range which has been made possible by the most recent advance of his line.

Lieutenant Coppens, the Belgian balloon strafer, has brought his record up to thirteen by destroying three enemy ballons within two hours.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported last evening:

There has been nothing beyond the normal mutual artillery actions.

Aviation.—Fine weather yesterday resulted in our areoplanes being very active. We destroyed twenty-five enemy aeroplanes and three balloons and drove down fifteen aeroplanes out of control while two large enemy night flying machines landed behind our lines and the occupants were

(Continued on Page 2)

Thrusts On Lower Piave Give Italians Territory, 1,900 Prisoners And Guns

Hills East Of Asiago Plateau Now Dominated By Italians; Changes In Austrian Command Reported From Germany

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, July 3.—An official communique reports:

Yesterday we carried out a series of energetic thrusts along the Lower Piave, gaining ground despite an obstinate resistance and the difficulties of the ground, which was partly flooded. We took 1,900 prisoners including forty-five officers, and captured many machine-guns and trench mortars.

We repulsed a counter-attack northwestward of Grappa, where our prisoners now total twenty-five officers and 596 men, besides twenty-two machine-guns and a large quantity of war material.

Parties of French troops, by a brilliant coup-de-main in the region of Zocchi on Asiago Plateau, brought back some prisoners.

An official communique reported yesterday:

Our artillery fire crushed new attacks made by the enemy on Asiago Plateau in which we inflicted heavy losses. We took 127 prisoners and four trench cannons.

British parties southward of Asiago captured prisoners.

Our operations in the northwestern region of Monte Grappa yielded us important positions besides 569 prisoners, of which nineteen were officers, and many machine-guns.

On June 29 and 30, we captured on Monte Valbella, Col-de-Rosso and Col-de-Chele four guns, fifteen trench mortars, fifty-seven machine-guns and 1,000 rifles.

Austrians Admit Some Loss

London, July 3.—(By wireless).—An Austrian official communique reports:

There was bitter fighting all day long yesterday at the mouth of the Piave. The enemy was nowhere successful except for a slight gain of territory near Chiesa Nuoita.

An attempt made by the enemy to land near Revedoli, which was supported by his naval forces, broke down.

London, July 2.—Reuter's correspondent at Italian headquarters, wiring yesterday, reported:

By the capture of the two heights between Valbella and Val Frenzela, the Italians have again obtained command of the whole of this series of hills east of Asiago Plateau.

Between that region and Benx Valley, their latest success effectually interferes with any serious Austrian menace in this direction, which always has been possible as long as Monte Valbella was in possession of the enemy.

The chief features of the action were the entire superiority of the Italian over the Austrian artillery. The latter seemed incapable either of accurate counter-battery work or interfering seriously north the movement of the troops and stores on the Italian lines of communication.

Our prisoners are almost entirely composed of German-Austrians and Hungarians.

Our attacking troops were actually fewer in number than the prisoners taken, which bears out the opinion expressed by a well known General that the Italian victory had added thirty percent to their fighting value and detracted an equal amount from the Austrians.

The enemy losses on the 29th and 30th were extremely heavy. It must be borne in mind that the opposing troops are among the pick of the Austrian army and are commanded by a general in whom the greatest confidence is reposed.

Changes In Austrian Command

A telegram from Zurich states that important changes have been made in the Austrian command, according to the Munich newspapers. Field Marshal Conrad, General Arte and General Waldstettin have been replaced by Field Marshal Koevess, and Generals Grauss and Ardolff respectively, while the German General Otto von Below has been appointed Commander-in-Chief on the Italian front.

How Italian Army Gets Provisions By Wire

This photo shows the arrival of a basket of food for troops defending a mountain pass near the Piave.
—*Official Italian photo.*

LORD RHONDDA, BRITAIN'S FOOD CONTROLLER, DEAD

Has Sudden Stroke Of Heart Failure And Dies Shortly After

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 2.—The Press Bureau announces that Lord Rhondda's heart shows signs of failing.

Later.—The death is announced of D. A. Thomas, first Baron Rhondda, the well known South Wales colliery owner and Food Controller since 1917.

David Alfred Thomas was born in Aberdare, March 26, 1856. He was educated at Caius College, Cambridge, where he received his M. A. In 1895 he was president of the Cardiff Chamber of Commerce and was M. P. for Merthyr Burghs from 1888 to 1910, becoming M. P. for Cardiff in 1910. He was managing director of the Cambrian Combine and other colliery companies in South Wales and from 1893 to 1897 was president of the South Wales Liberal Federation. He leaves no heir.

COMBING OUT OF MINERS REDUCES COAL OUTPUT

Britain To Have 22,500,000 Tons Less Because Of Calling Men For Army

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 3.—Press Bureau: The withdrawal of 75,000 miners from the collieries of Great Britain involves a reduced coal output of 22,500,000 tons. It is also estimated that an extra 12,500,000 tons is required for war purposes for France, Italy, neutrals and coaling stations. The shortage of the British output thus amounts to 35,000,000 tons per annum.

The household rationing scheme will save 8,000,000 tons, leaving 27,000,000 tons to be provided by improved output and economies in industrial and transport consumption. This is a very serious outlook and therefore it is imperative that there should be every possible economy in the use of coal.

TWO FINNS, ROBBERS, CAUGHT AFTER CHASE

Confess To Frenchtown Burglaries After Thrilling Pursuit Through City

Leaping from the roof of a boarding house at Yuhang and Miller Roads, two Finns, believed by the police to have played the leading roles in the recent early morning robberies in the French Concession, eluded detectives and plainclothes men for two hours Thursday night and were finally corralled in Yangtszepoo where they had sought refuge with fellow countrymen after the police of Wayside, Hongkew and Yangtszepoo stations had been ordered to comb their respective districts.

The men were identified by the chauffeur who drove the automobile which figured in the robberies and four forged Russian consular seals found in the baggage of the prisoners may mean that they will be held on charges in connection with the fraudulent use of Russian passports by Shanghai Germans.

Detectives Thursday afternoon seized the personal property of the Finns in the Yuhang Road boarding house and posted men to arrest them when they returned.

Shortly after seven they entered the house and the plainclothes men followed; the Finns jumped out of a window to the roof with the detectives pursuing and leaped to the alleyway 25 feet below. For two hours they led the detective forces of three stations a merry race and, when captured, confessed to the Rue Touranne robbery, Tuesday morning.

The Finns, who are sailors arriving here from Vladivostok three weeks ago, were brought before the Russian Court yesterday morning and remanded until Consular authorities make investigations. They will then be tried in the Russian Court and will later be handed over to the French Police for prosecution on the charge of armed robbery.

The Weather

Oppressive heat with thunderstorms. The maximum temperature yesterday was 92 and the minimum 70.5, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 87.4 and 73.2.

CHINESE SILK GUILDS THREATEN BOYCOTT

Will Remove Stocks From Foreign Association Godowns If Payment System Is Changed

As a protest against a change in the custom of payment on silk shipments contemplated by several foreign firms, the Chinese Silk and Cocoon Guilds have addressed letters to the Foreign Silk Association threatening to withdraw all unshipped stock from exporters' godowns. The quantity of silk which would be held up in this event is said to be exo[illegible]

The custom of payment on silks generally in operation heretofore has meant settlement when the cargo leaves this port. The proposed change would delay this until arrival in port of unloading.

The Foreign Silk Association met yesterday, presumably to take up the matter of replying to the letter, but the meeting was closed to the public and no details were given out.

An Lan Fired On During River Trip

Asiatic Petroleum Co. Boat Completes Successful Run Despite Snipers

Snipers made a target of the Asiatic Petroleum Company's boat An Lan on her last trip up river but no serious damage was done, according to word received yesterday. The An Lan has just completed a successful round trip between Ichang and Chungking. The firing which occurred during the journey was of a desultory nature. The An Lan is in charge of Capt. Hannigan.

Courland Landowners To Be Forced To Sell

German Scheme Is To Buy Up Holdings At Prices Of 1914

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, July 4.—A telegram from Kovno to the Rheinische Westfaelische Zeitung states that the lands settlement scheme in Courland, mentioned in yesterday's cables, lays down that owners with a minimum of 360 hectares (890 acres) are obliged to sell one-third at the prices ruling in 1914.

Where, If We May Ask, Did He Get That Stuff?

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, July 2.—Ambassador Gerard writes in Le Petit Journal:

"Should Russia, when awakening, claim help against Germany, the aid of Asia is quite assured. Owing to the Chino-Japanese agreement of May 16, the two chief countries of Eastern Asia are as one. The action of this agreement may be most efficient as then the Germans will have to face two battlefronts, one in Asia and one in Europe."

British And American Shipping Production 414,000 Tons In June

Output In United States For First Half Of 1918 Over Million Tons

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, July 2.—The ship production of the United States in June amounted to 280,400 dead weight tons, a record.

The total production for 1918 up to the present is 1,084,640 tons.

London, July 3.—The Admiralty announces that 134,159 tons of merchantmen [illegible] in the United Kingdom in June, compared with 197,274 tons in May.

The total for the year ending June 30 is 1,431,150.

The Controller of Merchant shipping comments that it is encouraging to note that the tonnage of merchantmen completed in the United Kingdom during the quarter ending June 30, shows an increase of seventy-eight percent over the corresponding quarter last year.

Belgian Ship Is Sunk By German Submarine

Is Torpedoed 1,400 Miles From Atlantic Coast; 25 Survivors Picked Up

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, July 2.—It is announced that a German submarine sank the Belgian steamer Chilier 1,400 miles from the Atlantic coast on the 21st. Twenty-five survivors were picked up on the 27th.

HERTLING CONSULTING KAISER ABOUT AUSTRIA

Poland Is Raising Difficulties Affecting The Austro-German Alliance

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, July 3.—Count Hertling, the German Chancellor, is on a prolonged visit to Grand Headquarters chiefly, it is understood, for the purpose of discussing the question of the alliance with Austria-Hungary with regard to which problem Poland is causing difficulties.

100 DEAD IN EXPLOSION

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 3.—In the House of Commons today Mr. F. G. Kellaway stated that it was feared a hundred persons had been killed and over a hundred injured in the explosion at a national shell-filling factory on the 1st. The employes behaved magnificently and many of them, after scattering at the first explosion, returned and assisted in rescuing the wounded. There was no panic and three shifts are already running in parts of the factory.

AMERICANS IN FRANCE NOW EXCEED MILLION

Baker Announces United States Is Six Months Ahead Of Original Program

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, July 2.—Secretary of War Baker has announced that the progress of shipping troops overseas has been so well maintained that the U.S. is six months ahead of her original program. Altogether over a million American troops have sailed for France.

CAMPAIGN FOR $50,000 FOR WOMEN'S WAR WORK

British Ladies Start Drive With Entertainment At Race Club Next Friday

The British Women's Work Association will fire the opening gun in the campaign to wipe out a $50,000 debt at the Race Club next Friday night, when an entertainment program, dancing and an auction sale will start the drive. Invitations have been sent out and with each card is a blank compradore order. The committee is composed of Lady de Sausmarez, Lady Fraser, Mrs. C. R. Burkill, Mrs. McMichael, Sir Havilland de Sausmarez, Mr. C. M. Bain, Mr. H. A. J. Macray, Mr. J. K. Tweed and the members of the executive committee of the British Women's Work Association.

The association, formed in October, 1914, has raised nearly $250,000 since its inception, has shipped over 180,000 hospital garments and supplies, almost 200,000 rolled bandages and 75,000 war dressings. The work is still going on, British ladies in Shanghai are giving their time and efforts to the work which is responsible for the comfort of the fighting man and the appeal to the public for funds to eliminate the $50,000 debt will meet an enthusiastic response.

During the nine months of the current year, $116,000 has been subscribed and from this sum, garments and Red Cross supplies valued at over $140,000 have already been shipped overseas. More supplies are awaiting cargo space.

Shanghai knows of the work of the association and approves of it for $160,000 was subscribed in 11 months.

The present request for funds comes as a result of increase in the cost of supplies and in order to prevent the beginning of a new year with a balance on the debit side. Subscriptions may be sent to Sir Havilland de Sausmarez.

King Asks August 4 Be A Day Of Prayer

Service Of Intercession To Be Held On Anniversary Of Britain's Declaring War

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 2.—Press Bureau: The King has expressed the desire that the 4th of August, being the fourth anniversary of the declaration of war, should be observed with special solemnity as a national day of prayer.

The King and Queen and the members of both Houses of Parliament will attend a service of intercession on behalf of the nation and the Empire.

COMMANDS FORCE OF CZECHO-SLAVS, SAYS KIEFF WIRE

Ukraine Report Also Says He Has Support Of Cossacks

NO CONFIRMATION

London Mail Hears Chinese Are Sending Supplies Into Siberia

GERMANS BENEFIT?

Czecho-Slovak Movement Is Spreading Rapidly In Siberia

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, July 3.—The Ukrainean Telegraph Bureau at Kieff announces that the Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch has been proclaimed Tsar and is marching with Czecho-Slovaks and Cossacks against Moscow.

Admit Germans Help Bolsheviki

Amsterdam, July 2.—The Cologne Gazette admits that Austrian and German prisoners of war are fighting for the Bolsheviki against the Czecho-Slovaks and says that they were forced to this by hunger.

London, July 3.—(By wireless).—A Russian official decree announces that the Government of Council (?) nationalises all important industrial undertakings with all capital and property within the Republic.

The Stockholm correspondent of the Daily Chronicle states that the Bolsheviki have accepted the German demand for the disarmament and surrender of the Czecho-Slovaks.

The Stockholm correspondent of the Daily Express wires that the two Siberian governments, the Eastern with its capital at Harbin and the Western with its capital at Tomsk, have united and chosen Tomsk for their new capital. Their main military force consists of Czecho-Slovak troops besides several corps of volunteers and officers. The whole movement is directed by M. Kerensky from outside.

Chinese Helping Germans?

London, July 3.—The Harbin correspondent of the Daily Mail, in a telegram dated June 26, states that the Chinese are sending to Russia large quantities of cottons, blankets, fats, oils, coffee and other goods which are vitally needed by Germany, since the removal of the embargo on exports from China to Siberia, which was originally intended to complete the blockade of Germany in the East. The Chinese urge the necessity of benefitting compatriots in Russia, who need these supplies, but there is reason to believe that the goods pass Irkutsk and reach the Germans.

The Daily Mail in an editorial urges on the Allies the necessity for immediate action by helping Russia through Siberia by military assistance which will place the necessaries of life within the reach of the prostrate population as the only counter-stroke to German domination of European Russia.

Czech Movement Spreads

Reuter's Pacific Service

Harbin, July 2.—The communique issued by General Semenoff on the 30th reports:

"There have been no changes on our front. Both sides have been unable to display activity on account of stormy weather."

Reliable information from Vladivostok states that the Czech-Slovaks are practically in control of the situation there, and a movement towards Nikolsk may be expected at any time. The power of the Soviets in Vladivostok is threatened by them, and apparently is approaching the end of its existence.

According to information from Siberia, the Czech-Slovak movement is quickly spreading. A great number of peasants and representatives of the stable element are flocking to them at Novo-Nikolaevsk where the Czech-Slovaks, aided by the local population, have dissolved the Soviets.

With regard to the endeavors of the members of the Siberian

Government, headed by Derber, to take all the credit for the organisation of the anti-Bolshevik movement in Siberia, important Russian officials who have just arrived from Siberia declare that the above Government had nothing to do with the organisation of this movement, being most unpopular among the stable element in Siberia, ever since the resignation of Potanin, who was highly esteemed by all classes.

Tokio, July 5.—A message from Vladivostok states that about the end of June the Czech troops, occupying a point 200 kilometers west of Irkutsk, defeated the Bolshevist Committee of the People and it is believed that the committee is preparing to flee into Mongolia with all the valuables levied from the citizens.

Peking Gets Report Of Vladivostok Coup

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, July 1.—News reaches here indirectly from Vladivostok and other points on the Chinese Eastern Railway that the port of Vladivostok is under the control of anti-Bolshevik elements. Exactly what has happened is not clear, as there is no direct communication with Vladivostok, but according to such information as does reach here the Czecho-Slovak elements have succeeded in overthrowing the Bolsheviki, in re-establishing the popularly elected administration in force before the Bolshevik regime, and in controlling all the points from which counter-resistance could be organised, such as arsenals, ammunition stores, magazines and telephone and similar organisations. It is also stated that several of the Powers interested in the maintenance of order, and in the control of military supplies at present deposited in Vladivostok, have landed guards from their ships of war for the protection both of their consulates and their deposits of military stores.

The exact details of what has happened are unknown, and it is significant that none of the interested legations here has any definite news, though the events rumored are said to have taken place on Saturday, culminating yesterday. On the other hand, very well informed Russian circles state that they would not be in the least surprised to learn that some such stroke has been effected in Vladivostok. They declare that Bolshevism both in the Far East and in European Moscow is near its end, and that only very little is needed to give it its quietus. This they are hoping will come from the Allies. They state that, so far as the Far East is concerned, it is absolutely essential that the Allies should give both moral and material support to the anti-Bolshevik forces, for otherwise there is serious danger to the peace of the whole of China.

Throughout the Russo-Chinese border there are said to be Bolshevik forces at work, guided by German and Austrian brains, seeking only to cause trouble in China itself, and if possible bring about Japanese intervention in China. It is hoped that Japanese intervention will both bring enmity between Japan and China and will so occupy Japanese attention that Japanese intervention on behalf of the Allies in Russia itself will be impossible. In the same quarters it is hoped that the news of the Bolshevik downfall in Vladivostok is true, for that presages the downfall of Bolshevism throughout Eastern Siberia, and it is also hoped that if there has been Allied intervention in Vladivostok it is but the prelude to Allied intervention on a larger scale elsewhere.

Americans Storm And Capture Vaux

(Continued From Page 1)

taken prisoners. Eight of our machines are missing.

We dropped twenty-two tons of bombs during the daytime and thirteen tons during the night. All our night flying machines returned.

Paris, July 3.—The official communique issued this afternoon reports:

Between the Oise and the Aisne we executed a local operation north of Moulin-sous-Touvent and captured the enemy positions on a front of three kilometers to a depth of 800 meters at some points. Up to the present 220 prisoners have been counted.

West of Chateau-Thierry a hostile counter-attack in the region of Vaux failed under our fire. We took some prisoners.

Germans attempts northeast of Mercel, in Uper Alsace, were also without result.

French Position Improved

The French troops yesterday improved their positions northwest of Chateau-Thierry. They also captured the enemy supporting position north of Cutry on the front north of Soissons. The German counter-attack against the important ridge captured by the French near Mosloy developed into a sharp battle ending in the complete repulse of the enemy.

Numerous raids on the enemy lines are reported in the French communiques.

A small local success was obtained by the French yesterday morning in an attack launched after a very short artillery preparation with a strength of two divisions belonging to a famous corps. The attack was made on a 4½ mile front west of Soissons from southeast of Ambleny to Chafesse Woods, east of Mont Gobert. The chief result will be to considerably hinder the eventual operations which might be intended by the left wing of the Army commanded by the Crown Prince towards Villers-Cotterets.

The French line was advanced at some points to the depth of a mile and a quarter. Over a thousand prisoners were captured.

Paris, July 2.—The official communique issued this evening reports:

Between the Oise and Aisne, we repulsed two raids east of Vingre and captured the village of St. Pierre Aigle, south of the Aisne, taking thirty prisoners.

A German counter-attack upon our positions in the region of Vaux, west of Chateau-Thierry, which has been captured by the Americans, completely failed. Fresh prisoners remained in our hands.

Report of American Victory

The official communique issued this afternoon reported:

West of Chateau-Thierry a local operation executed in conjunction with the American troops enabled us to improve our positions on the front Vaux-Hill 204.

The Americans captured the village of Vaux and the heights westward of the village. Over 300, including five officers, were taken prisoners in this action.

We carried out raids between Montdidier and Noyon and east of Rheims, in which we took some prisoners.

Attempts made by the enemy near Belloy, in Upper Alsace, failed under our fire.

British Air Attacks

London, July 2.—The Air Force issues the following communique:

Last night we successfully attacked the enemy aerodrome at Boulay. Bursts were observed on the aerodrome and hutments.

We bombed with good effect Oppau works and also the railway line at Mannheim and the railway works at Thionville.

We bombed the railway station at Treves today. Twelve enemy machines attacked our formation over our objective, of which we shot down one. We also bombed the railway sidings and shed at Coblenz with good results. All of our machines have returned.

New U.S. Destroyers About To Be Launched

U.S. DESTROYERS READY FOR LAUNCHING.
©Committee on Public Information, Special Dispatch.

Shipbuilding records in the United States are going by the board daily. This photo shows the United States destroyers Breeze and Gamble on the ways in an Eastern port.

AUSTRIAN STRIKE OVER; HUNGARIANS STILL OUT

Resignation Of Tisza Government And Granting Of Reforms Demanded By Workers

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, July 1.—A message sent from Vienna on the 27th states that 80,000 workers were out on strike in Vienna and Lower Austria, including persons employed in war industries, last week, owing to the reduction of the bread ration. The strikers resumed on a promise of increased wages until the new harvest.

The strike in Hungary is more stubborn, owing to the fact that it is of a political character. 100,000 workers are out on strike as a protest to Count Tisza's policy. They have demanded the resignation of the Government and the carrying out of the original electoral reform proposal.

Zurich, July 3.—A telegram from Munich states that the general food situation is so unfavorable that the provisioning of the Bavarian population is very difficult.

Cave Expresses Praise For Dutch Fortitude

Also Says Holland's People Speak Well Of British Soldiers' Behavior

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, July 1.—Sir George Cave, interviewed, said "I have always been an admirer of Holland. I am impressed by the fortitude with which the Dutch nation is bearing the necessary hardships of the war, and the great courtesy and hospitality which has been accorded us. I am delighted to hear the Netherlands speak so well of the conduct of the British soldiers who are the guests of Holland, and I hope the action of the Netherlands in connection with our prisoners of war will long form a link of friendship uniting the British and Dutch nations."

Fail To Find Survivors Of Sunk Hospital Ship

Waters Are Seached For Llandovery Castle Lifeboats But None Is Found

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 2.—The Admiralty issues the following communique:

The area between the spot where the hospital-ship Llandovery Castle was sunk and the southwestern coast of Ireland has been thoroughly searched by two groups of warships in addition to the destroyer Lysander. Only a little wreckage and one empty boat have been found and therefore it is assumed that there are no more survivors.

A meeting of six hundred seamen and stewards at Liverpool today passed a resolution strongly protesting against the latest German crime of sinking the hospital ship Llandovery Castle without warning, and urging Mr. Wilson to add five years to the boycott of the Germans after the war "for this most diabolical and cowardly murder of our brothers on the seas."

Amsterdam, July 3.—On receiving the first bare intelligence that the hospital-ship Llandovery Castle had been submarined, the authorities in Berlin hastily issued a semi-official communique attributing the loss of the vessel to a British mine.

PRINCE ARTHUR GIVEN WELCOME BY OSAKA

Visits Centers Of Tradition And Is Given Handsome Gifts By City

Reuter's Pacific Service

Osaka, July 5.—H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught arrived here this morning. He was met at the railway station by Governor Hayashi, General Utsonomiya, Mr. Shiro Ikegama, the Mayor of Osaka and other officials and citizens.

His Royal Highness and suite immediately proceeded in motors to the Arsenal, where the Mayor presented the municipal gift, a beautiful embroidered screen depicting cormorant fishing.

The head of the Arsenal conducted the Prince through the various departments which Prince Arthur inspected with the keenest interest, especially the manufacture of guns and projectiles.

The next visit on the program was to old Osaka Castle, which is now the headquarters of the 4th Division. Here a military band played the British National Anthem. A little army of Kaikosha school-boys in uniform attracted the attention of His Royal Highness. They greeted the Prince with the military salute and then the senior boys gave an exhibition of Japanese fencing exercises. From the watch-tower of the Castle the Prince obtained a panamoric view of this prosperous city with its forest of smoke-stacks.

Baron Fujita, a prominent Osaka business-man, entertained Prince Arthur and suite at an elaborate luncheon today. Last night His Royal Highness was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Mr. Kuhara, who is another of Osaka's mining magnates, at Kyoto. Baron Sumitomo, who is the wealthiest man in Osaka, will probably entertain the Prince on the 7th.

BRATIANO GOVERNMENT WILL BE IMPEACHED

Rumanian Cabinet That Began War Charged With Violation Of Constitution

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 3.—A telegram from Bukharest says that, referring to the impeachment of the Bratianu Government, the Vice-President of the Rumanian Chamber of Deputies said that it was being prosecuted not because it began the war but because it violated the constitution.

ALLIED TRADE MEETING HOLDS FIRST SESSION

Measures Considered To Combat Enemy Efforts To Dominate World Commerce

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 2.—The International Parliamentary Conference opened this morning at Westminster Palace, the representatives of Great Britain, France, the United States, Italy, Belgium, Greece, Servia, China, Japan and Portugal being present. The subjects of the discussion include the unfair methods of the Germans to dominate the commerce of the world. Mr. A. Bonar Law welcomed the delegates.

The Conference unanimously passed a resolution urging the Entente Governments to carry out as soon as possible adequate measures to defeat the German conspiracy to dominate the trade of the world, which include dumping, espionage and other similar practices, and recommending the establishment of an Inter-Allied Entente of commerce in that connection.

In the House of Commons today, in reply to a question asked by Mr. H. C. Croft Mr. A. Bonar Law said that the question of the best methods for securing command of essential raw materials produced within the Empire with a view to safeguarding the interests of the Empire and our Allies during the period of reconstruction has been considered by the Imperial War Conference, which had arrived at important decisions in these matters which he hoped would form the basis of a discussion with our Allies and lead to the co-operation desired.

Mr. Bonar Law said that one would have thought nothing new with regard to German brutality could have happened but the sinking of the hospital ship Llandovery Castle was an unspeakable outrage. Nothing could be gained by talking of that affair. "The wild beast is at large. There is no use arguing or reasoning with it. The only thing to do is to destroy it. That is the duty of us and all our Allies, to set our teeth until that end has been achieved."

Obituary

Mr. J. A. Baker, M. P.

Reuter's Service

London, July 3.—Mr. J. A. Baker, M.P. for East Finsbury, who was taken ill in the House of Commons yesterday evening, died this morning.

Ruby Brinkley

Soochow, July 3.—Ruby Brinkley, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Brinkley, died here today at 10 a.m.

Japanese Mission Sees Belgian Front

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, July 2.—The Japanese Mission has just visited the Belgian front and is being initiated into the organisation of the different services of the army in the field. It is composed of General Taurushi, Colonel Figuutschi and Colonel Joshida, and Captains Ichida and Suzuki.

CHEKIANG RAIN HURTS RICE AND TEA CROPS

23.21 Inches Fall In First Twenty Days Of June, Doing Great Damage

China Press Correspondence

Wenchow, Che., July 1.—The rainfall for the first twenty days of June was 23.21 inches, as compared with 6.85 inches last year. This has a commercial, as well as a meteorological, bearing, for the rain has been one of the factors in the decided reduction of the tea export this year. It has injured the early rice crop, too, as it was just at the stage when the flooding of the fields resulted in the drowning of many of the young plants, while it was too late to start new seedlings and retransplant. In one part of the district it was estimated that a third of the first crop had been lost, in others less, while in some places the wheat had not been harvested and so was damaged. The worst feature is that these same parts have suffered for several consecutive years now and the people have no reserves to fall back on.

The new epidemic has reached Wenchow and has laid its hand on many in the city. Even the Taoyin, Mr. C. L. Hwang, has been ill for a few days, while scores of students in the Middle School have been laid up for three or four days at a time. The foreigners also have been affected.

Mr. Hsu Hsih-ch'i, the Superintendent of Customs and Wei-yuen for Foreign Affairs, was called away ten days ago to Shaohsing by the illness of his father; later news has come to the effect that he reached home the day before his death. His friends extend their sympathy to him in his bereavement.

Mission schools will be closing within the next two weeks and as the weather has begun to warm up, teachers and scholars will be glad to begin the summer vacation. Some of the students in the U. M. M. College had to go home to vote for representatives to the provincial assembly, so they had an extra holiday last week. It would be well for China if all parts were as quiet and peaceful now as the southern end of Chekiang is. And yet even here some reforms are badly needed.

Today's Band Programs

Performances by the Public Band will be given today, weather permitting, programs as follows:

(a) In the Public Recreation Ground at 4.30 p.m.

1. March—Decisions .....Brown.
2. Overture—The Caliph of Bagdad ..... Boieldieu.
3. Waltz—Vision de Salome ... Joyce.
4. Selection—Dorothy .....Cellier.
5. Valse Intermezzo—Pas des Fleurs Delibes.
6. Selection—A Highland Scene Moore.

(b) In the Public Garden at 9 p.m.

1. March—The Blue Riband ...Bollog.
2. Overture—Fra Diavolo ..... Auber.
3. Waltz—Toujours ou Jamais Waldteufel.
4. Selection—Cox and Box ...Sullivan.
5. (a) Song—Mona .....Adams.
   (b) Two Step—Red Wing ...Mills.
6. Gavotte—Charming ..... Boggetti.
7. Waltz—Sheila ..... Nemo.
8. Selection—La Fille de Madame Angot ..... Lecocq.

A. de Kryger,
Conductor-in-charge.

CHEFOO A.D.C. GIVING PLAY

China Press Correspondence

Chefoo, June 28.—Tomorrow evening the local Amateur Dramatic Club will present to the public "Eliza Comes to Stay" the proceeds of which the British Women's Work Association is to receive. It is confidently expected that the hall of the Chefoo Club will be packed.

Owing to the good rains the fruit so far this year has been very prolific. Cherries and strawberries were abundant and phenomenally cheap and apricots seem to be the same. The Chinese consider they have been exceedingly fortunate and think the gods have indeed smiled upon them. The rain fell in time to ripen the wheat and then kept off so that they were able to gather it in. No sooner had they done this than heavy rains fell again, and they were thus able to put in the seeds for their next crops.

According to the native press issued here, the Directors of the Chefoo Agricultural Bank intend to open a branch office in Shanghai. This looks like business.

N.K.K. STEAMER AGROUND

The N. Y. K. river steamer, Fengyang Maru, went ashore off Upper Waterman Bouy, near Tungchow, according to reports of officers of the China Navigation Company steamer Wuchang which arrived here yesterday afternoon. The accident took place about 4 o'clock yesterday morning.

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GERMANY MAKING FOR BANKRUPTCY, HE SAYS

War Trade Director Says Only Hope Of An Indemnity Sustains Enemy

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London July 2.—In the House of Lords today, Lord Emmott, director of the War Trade Department, reviewing the financial situation, said that the nations of the world were mostly living on their capital. If the war was protracted the situation here might be viewed with apprehension, but in Germany with positive terror.

If Germany was unable to get an indemnity she must raise an additional £300,000,000 to £400,000,000 annually from direct taxation, which would inevitably lead to friction between the states of the German federation and the Imperial Government. Germany was marching to bankruptcy and it would take a lot to set her on her legs again. When it became evident that an indemnity could not be obtained there would be a change in the spirit of the German peoples.

Appeal Is Made For Chinese In France

Labor Battalions Need Musical Instruments, Games And Special Foodstuffs

A shipment of about $15,000 worth of supplies for Chinese musical instruments, games and special foodstuffs for the Chinese Labor Battalions in France was made last week from Shanghai through the Chinese Y. M. C. A. The shipment was made in response to a cablegram from France asking for these supplies.

News Brevities

The sentence of expulsion passed on a Chinese shopkeeper six years ago was cancelled in the Mixed Court yesterday upon application of M. J. Em. Lemiere. The accused admitted having resided in the Settlement following his expulsion and having worked in his mother's shop at 1601 Avenue Road without being noticed by the police. Assessor Byrne remarked that since the accused could prove that he was earning an honest living and was properly employed in a shop, he would be given a chance to live in the Settlement.

* * *

Charged by the Shanghai-Nanking Railway with the larceny of certain sums of money from the booking office at Soochow, an ex-policeman of the railway was ordered yesterday in the Mixed Court to be handed over to the Soochow authorities.

* * *

Mr. E. W. Wilton, of the British Legation at Peking, has been appointed Consul-General at Hankow to succeed Sir. W. H. Wilkinson.

* * *

Judgment was entered against Mr. C. S. Maitland for $168 and costs yesterday in the British Supreme Court on a claim filed by Messrs. Hirsbrunner and Co. for goods sold and delivered. The case was heard by Mr. G. W. King and Mr. H. Browett represented the plaintiff. The defendant was not present in court.

* * *

Hongkong papers announce the death of Mr. William H. Potts, a well-known resident of the colony, at Denver, Colorado, where his wife was born. Mr. Potts was seventy years old and is survived by the widow and four daughters and a son.

* * *

The use of foreign handcuffs was ordered abandoned yesterday at the military prison at the Arsenal, Lunghua, because of the recent plot to break open the prison, as a result of which 21 convicts were executed on one single day. It was discovered that the men executed managed to liberate themselves by repeatedly stuffing their cuffs with rags and pulling them out, thus loosening the screws and opening the handcuffs. The present inmates of the arsenal are wearing the old-fashioned Chinese iron handcuffs, with the long chain and heavy lock.

How The Y.M.C.A. Will Get Its Hotel

This is the check that started off the Y. M. C. A. campaign for $250,000 to build a hotel. It shows the opinion of one big Shanghai hong of the work of the association.

The official figure for the campaign stood at $105,988 up to yesterday noon. More than $5,000 was secured by the various teams yesterday. The larger donations were secured through Mr. J. Kerfoot, who reported Tls. 2,100; Mr. T. F. Cobbs, who obtained $1,550, and Mr. A. O. Ben, who turned in $705.

The campaign closes this evening at 6 o'clock at the Association building. Professor C. H. Robertson, who has just recently completed an extensive trip in Russia, will speak on the present condition of that country. The winning teams and the individual prize winners will be announced and moving pictures, depicting the Chinese Y. M. C. A. work and lantern slides will be shown.

CHANGCHOW HOSPITAL OPEN WITH CEREMONY

Officials, Gentry And Missions Co-operate To Give City Needed Institution

China Press Correspondence

Changchow, Kiangsu, July 1.—The exercises in connnection with the opening of the Changchow General Hospital were held today in the large chapel of the hospital.

In the absence of Rev. D. D. Lea, Chairman of the Board of Managers, Rev. P. D. Woo presided. In a brief address he set forth the purpose of the hospital. The opening of the work at the present time was made possible by the gift of the gentry of the city of $3,000 for the running expenses of the first year, the use of one of the yamens of the city, and the donation of a quantity of drugs, instruments and a small amount of equipment. The institution is to be under the management of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and the work conducted as a mission institution.

Representatives of the officials, the chief magistrate of the city being included and of the gentry as well as of the medical profession made addresses.

Dr. W. B. Russell late of the Soochow Hospital is in charge of the work and with him are associated a graduate pharmacist, four trained nurses, and an assistant physician.

The opening of this institution means much to the city and the surrounding country. With the hearty support of the gentry and of the officials it seems to date a new era for mission work in this part of China.

SOOCHOW UNIVERSITY GIVES OUT DIPLOMAS

China Press Correspondence

Soochow, July 2.—The 12th Annual Commencement of Soochow University took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock in the University Chapel. Extensive preparation had been made for holding the exercises under a matshed erected by the side of Anderson Hall, but the rain of last night and this forenoon made it necessary to give up the idea of meeting out of doors.

Shortly after 2 o'clock the academic procession, headed by President Jno. W. Cline and Mr. Julean Arnold, U. S. Commercial Attache, and speaker of the day marched into the chapel and took the places reserved for them. Caps and gowns were largely in evidence, being worn by the twenty-one graduates and the professors and visitors who took part in the exercises. The twenty-nine students who had finished the course in the Middle School were clad in the more becoming native costume which in this case was the long, thin, white, summer gown. Rev. C. T. Lea led the opening prayer.

Mr. S. Y. Wu, the faculty representative from the Class of 1918, spoke in strong, clear terms on the "Relation of the Great War to the Future of the World." Mr. Z. C. Mo, the first honor man of the first class graduating from the Law Department of Soochow University (The Comparative Law School of China, Shanghai), took for his subject the "Importance of a Reformation in the Laws of China" and pointed out many ways in which this urgent matter should be taken in hand.

Mr. Julean Arnold, the orator of the occasion, spoke with great force on the attitude of Chinese University graduates toward the old ways and new requirements that are now upon China in Agriculture, Commerce and Industry. The speaker's apt illustrations and convincing arguments were translated into animated and well-chosen Chinese by Mr. T. C. Chao, and were enthusiastically received by the audience.

Diplomas were handed to fourteen graduates of the Academic department and to seven from the Law department by Dr. Cline, who expressed his great pleasure in being able to give them such tokens of confidence in their attainments.

Dean Chas. W. Rankin of the Law department spoke a few solemn and eloquent words to the seven young men who go out as the first representatives of a Christian Law School in China.

One interesting feature of the occasion was that Sung Tsing-le, one of the 29 students who received certificates for having completed the course in the Middle School, received the honor for having made the best progress in Chinese during the year, and also won the $100 scholarship given each year for the best student passing from the Middle School into College classes.

The Board of Trustees was represented by Rev. W. B. Burke, now the acting president, who spoke a few inspiring words on the hopeful prospects of the institution and offered his congratulations to the graduates.

Rev. C. T. Lea pronounced the benediction, and Dr. Cline declared the school year 1917-18 closed.

The following is a list of the graduates from the University:—Messrs. Wu Shou-yu, B.S.; Hsu Ju-mai, B.S.; Chiang Pao-huang, B.S.; Koo Ong-tsao, B.S.; Liu Chan-en, B.S.; Chiu Meng-ling, B.S.; Sun Tien-sun, B.A.; Chao Chih-hui, B.A.; Lea Chun-te, B.S.; Li Chang-chi, B.S.; Sun Ven-en, B.A.; Chan Nuh-sung, B.S.; Li Fee-sung, B.S.; Chi Tsing-ze, B.A. and Sung Wei-nyui, B.S.

The Law Department:—Messrs. Z. C. Mo, B.L. with the first honor of his class; H. Chen, B.L.; Robert Doo, B.L.; P. L. Chen, B.L.; S. C. Wong, B.L.; T. T. Loh, B.L. and N. Y. Chang, B.L.

The following have completed the Middle School courses and were granted certificates to that effect:—Messrs. Yang Chi-shih, Yang Hsiu-fang, Niu Hung-i, Hsieh Hu-yu, Chou Ting-chang, Shen Lan-i, Li Hsiu, Chang Hsi-chi, Shen Liu-fang, Pang Shu-tao, Chen Shao-mo, Yen Chia-jun, Chiang Chi-peng, Chin Li-wan, Hsieh Hsing-i, Fu Chi-shou, Hsu Hung-ju, Fang Shu-pang, Pan Chih-yung, Kuo Hua-teen, Chiu Su-i, Chiu Chi-tung, Pao Chuan-kan, Pao Yiu-chiang, Pang Wen-mo, Chang Bai-te, Bau Chen-ming, Yang Ah-lin, Chao Tsan-min.

C.T. WANG'S BROTHER Y.M.C.A. MAN IN FRANCE

Many Other Chinese Students In America Are Doing War Work

News received recently from America tells that a brother of Mr. C. T. Wang, Vice-Speaker of the defunct Parliament, who was a student at Yale, has recently gone over to France as a Y. M. C. A. Secretary to serve the American soldiers there. Mr. Wang is one of the first three to be sent over for work among American troops. Besides these Y. M. C. A. secretaries, a number of Chinese students in American universities have been recruited to go to France to work among the labor battalions.

EXTRADITE CHINESE FOR JANUARY MURDER

Local Police Bring Alleged Murderer Here From Macao; First In History

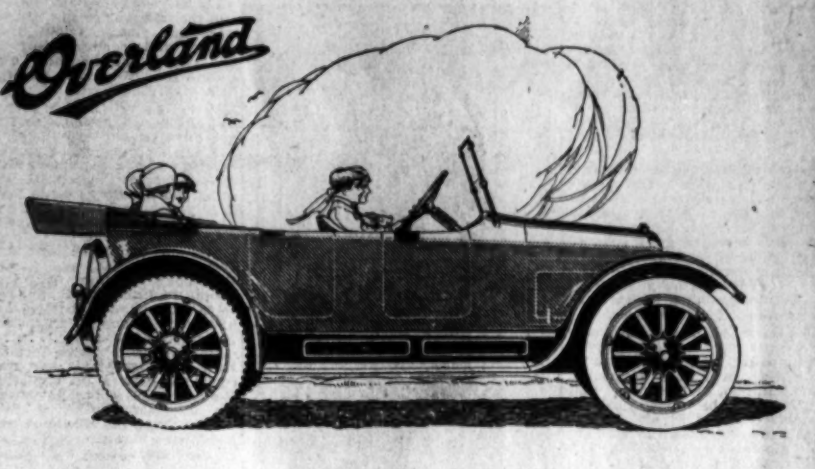
The first Chinese to be extradited from Macao for a crime committed here arrived in Shanghai yesterday morning in charge of Sergeant J. A. Mackenzie. The prisoner, Kan Man-wei, will face trial for robbery and murder, local police alleging that Kan was implicated in the murder of a Chinese at 1 Szechuen Road last January.

A Chinese arrested for the crime, in his confession, accused Kan and told detectives that he had gone to Macao. Extradition proceedings have been under way since February.

Sergeant Mackenzie accompanied Carlos E. and Francisco E. Carneiro to Macao. There the two Carneiros will be tried for assault with intent to kill Portuguese Consul-General Jorge d'Oliveira.

S.S. Nanking To Call At Hongkong First

The new China Mail steamer Nanking will make its first call in the Far East at Hongkong instead of at Manila as previously notified, according to advices received yesterday. The Nanking will call first at the British port to unload 2,000 tons of cargo consigned there and will then proceed to Manila to load States bound tonnage there. She is expected to reach Shanghai about the 20th.



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Lufbery, American Ace, Killed In France, Had World Career, Including Far East

Fearless and dashing in combat, but of the calmest, coolest judgment even in the most perilous moment of an air-fight, Raoul Lufbery, America's most spectacular flier, jumped to his death from his blazing airplane after an ineffectual attempt to bring down one of Germany's latest aerial monsters—which have been described by some correspondents as "flying tanks."

The huge Teuton plane appeared back of the American sector near Toul, and two American machines at once took the air to give it combat. Two others immediately followed, but although their machine guns sprayed the huge armored machine with a deadly fire the German machine loafed along as unconcernedly as if it were a Newfoundland dog with a pack of spaniels snapping at its heels.

Lufbery, according to the news despatches, witnessed the engagement from the ground, and finally one of the American combatants descended, out of ammunition, and reported that it appeared to be impossible to damage the German plane. It was then that Lufbery asked for and obtained permission to engage the German. He took the air and at once mounted above the enemy plane and swept down upon the dragon of the air. His machine gun is supposed to have become jammed, for when nearly upon the German he swerved off, but he was back again in a moment and flashed by the Hun, his machine gun barking. But still the German plane lumbered on, unhurt. Again Lufbery returned to the attack, when suddenly a line of flame burst from his machine, which hung for a moment in the air and then plunged toward the ground.

Lufbery was face to face with death. He knew he could not escape it. To remain in the machine meant incineration; to jump meant that he would be crushed in the fall. Even in this last moment of peril Lufbery's nerve did not desert him. At least he could choose the method of his death. He preferred to jump. The horrified watchers below saw him rise in his blazing machine, and leap calmly into midair, two thousand feet above the earth!

They found him in the garden back of a house in the village. The peasant who was first to reach his body almost buried the gallant airfighter in the flowers among which he had fallen.

A brief sketch of the adventurous career of Raoul Lufbery was printed in The Literary Digest of November 3, 1917, but only Lufbery himself could have told the complete story of his life, and Lufbery would never talk about himself to strangers. His brother Charles had not seen him since he left his home in Wallingford, Conn., ten years ago, and yet Charles served in the French Army from July 10, 1915, until he was discharged in 1917, and once he was within fifteen miles of where his brother was then stationed. A writer in the New York Sun had no difficulty in getting Charles to talk about his brother with affectionate pride. Raoul was alive then, but, strangely enough, the story was printed on May 19, the day that Lufbery climbed into the ether to fight his last battle among the clouds. The Sun reporter wrote:

"We were never surprised at anything Raoul ever did, and sometimes," Charles said, "when we were alone he was as good as a story-book. But you could not get him to talk if there was company. He was always ready to risk everything, and the moment's joy was all he wanted from it. Ah, he is splendid for an army! He could dress wounds or cook or comfort the wounded, and do all those simple things which so few know how to do at all. He ought to know them. He has made his living so ever since he was fifteen.

"You know when he thought he might come home they talked of giving him a great banquet. Well, Gerve" (so they call him), "if he should hear of such an intention beforehand would slip home *incognito*. He wouldn't know what to do with a banquet.

"He was never the one to be popular with girls, or men, either. He liked to be alone, and sometimes he would sit looking and say nothing."

Charles said that in Paris he had seen aviators splendid in their decorations and uniforms, the most admired men in the hotels. But Raoul wouldn't cut much of a figure among them; indeed, he'd sooner face twenty German airplanes than try, "because he does not care much about how he looks."

Now, Raoul got his taste for high adventure early in life. His mother died when he was about six years old, leaving the three brothers to their grandmother's care. According to all accounts, the lady found it the hardest work in life. For Raoul was always restless.

Like a true Frenchman—or an American of the world, as he really is—he decided when he was fifteen that he just couldn't live another day unless he saw Paris. So he left his grandmother and set off.

He never saw her again. For when Charles was in France, he went to Clermont to see her, and found "to my great sadness that she was dead and we had not heard of it."

Meanwhile the boys' father married again. From this marriage they have four sisters, Yvonne, Marie Louise, and Germaine, nurses in Boston, and Berthe, who is married and with whom Raoul's father now lives in Yalesville, Conn. There is another brother, Rene, who tried to enlist in the aviation service last spring, with what fortune I do not know.

The Wallingford people heard very little from Raoul after he joined the Lafayette Escadrille. He was not a very satisfactory correspondent, but, says the writer in the Sun::

On December 27, 1917, possessing the *Croix de Guerre*, the British Military Cross, the French *Medaille Militaire*, and the Legion of Honor, he wrote to his brother:

"Now, I am looking like a Christmas-tree, medals all over my chest. The last one I was decorated with is a Montenegrin order, with a ribbon, red, blue, and white. Though it has not the value of the French Legion of Honor or the Military Medal, I am awfully proud to wear it.

"You certainly have heard through the newspapers about my commission in the American aviation, but the truth is I was appointed to that rank (Major) a month ago, but I can not wear the uniform yet, as the French are still holding my discharge.

"I now have sixteen official German

MAJOR RAOUL LUFBERY.

machines to my credit, and many others unofficial. On December 2, I brought two of them down.

"Well, how is everything up at the old Wallingford? I would like very much to see it back again. Unfortunately, I must give it up for the present. For I should like to organise some sort of a little flying circus for the Germans before I leave here."

As told in The Digest, Lufbery left Wallingford when he was seventeen years old and set out to see the world. After visiting several French cities he went to Africa. His plan was to get a job of some kind—in Turkey he worked in a restaurant—and after he had seen enough of the city to "move on" to new fields of adventure. In this way he traveled through Europe, Africa, and South America. He enlisted in the United States Army while in New Orleans and was sent to the Philippine Islands. After being mustered out, two years later he visited China and Japan and then went to India where he worked as a ticket-collector on the Bombay Railroad.

At Saigon, Cochin China, Lufbery met Mare Pourpe, a young French aviator who was giving flying exhibitions. Pourpe needed an assistant. Lufbery got the job. Together they gave exhibitions and when the war broke out they were in Paris seeking a new airplane. Pourpe volunteered as an aviator, and was shot during one of his wonderful feats. Lufbery, not being a French citizen, entered the Foreign Legion, and finally in 1916 went to the Front as a member of the American Escadrille.

One of Lufbery's recent fights is related by John Guy Gilpatrick, a First Lieutenant with he American Expeditionary Force, who witnessed the battle in which the American flier was the victor. Gilpatrick describes the battle in a letter to his father, which was dated April 23, and was printed in the New York Times:

Today I was on the field, busy as a subway ticket-agent during the rush hour, because I had six machines going out on a job. I heard some machine guns going off, but didn't pay much attention until I heard motors running, too. Looked up, but couldn't see a thing, the clouds being scattered around fairly well.

Then, from behind a cloud came two machines, the first of which dived into a cloud, the other right after him, and both had their guns going wide open. They disappeared into the cloud, but we could still hear them. Then the firing stopped and out of the cloud dropped a machine, blazing. Straight down she came, pieces of it coming loose because of the speed. Pilot and observer fell or jumped, and landed some distance away. Meanwhile the other machine, a *Spad*, headed home.

All this didn't take over three minutes, and it was a mighty harrowing sight. The *Boches* weren't badly smashed and weren't burned. They were both officers, one of them being a Wilhelm Hickmann. The pilot had eight bullets in his groin; and the observer one in his hip. Both were fine young fellows, beautifully dressed and groomed. Our bunch got all the buttons off their clothes for souvenirs—have one myself, but I didn't cut it off.

Well, the two *Boches* were pulverised inside, of course, so the Major got most of their personal stuff for the Intelligence Section, and then we carried on back to camp. The French took charge of the bodies. They were lying about fifty yards apart and fifty yards from the machine, so you see how high they were when they jumped or fell out.

We just had word that Major Lufbery did the job, and it was really marvelous shooting. It takes a real genius to group shots the way those were grouped, and, besides killing the pilot and wounding the observer, he had pierced the tank. . . . . .

But we have twelve feet of one of their cartridge bands, and every third cartridge carries an explosive bullet. We use tracers, but never explosives. An explosive bullet is rotten, and tears a frightful hole in a man—anybody who would use them ought to be mutilated, too. We are all having nakpin-rings made of the reel around which the cartridge-band winds.

In Wallingford there are many who have memories of the famous flier when he worked in Simpson's factory making silver casket-trimmings. But no one ever pretended to understand him—neither Wallingford nor his family.

"Casket-trimmings," muttered the elder Lufbery as he talked to a writer for the New York Tribune of his famous son. Then he shook his head uncomprehendingly as he continued:

"Raoul was a strange boy. Often in the last few days I have said that no one knew him ever, until now. He hated shop-work. He hated towns and cities and regular hours and smoke and all that. We—we never understood him at all, I think, until, perhaps, now."

But there is one who, perhaps, understood him better than the rest. Says the writer in The Tribune:

There is a woman in Wallingford who remembers him very well. She is the wife of his brother Charles, who served fifteen months in the French Army before he was wounded and returned to this country. With them Raoul lived during his sojourn in Wallingford, in a little house vine-covered, poor, and excessively neat, under the shadow of a factory wall behind which Charles now works. The air is heavy and sweet with the scent of warm earth and growing things, and Mme. Lufbery sits in her tiny kitchen, her foot on a cradle rocker, keeping a wary eye upon the motionless and mysterious little bundle among the pillows.

What manner of lad was Raoul in those two years of casket-fittings? No young friends? No church socables, and strawberry festivals, no girls? Mme. Lufbery laughs softly at the thought of Raoul and love, and shrugs expressively.

"'E'ad no time for love!" she protests. She is very French and her accent is the soft, liquid b-r-r-r of the Midi. "Always 'e came 'ome, tranquil—quiet—dull like 'e was tired. Affaire dîner 'e went to bed like an old man, or a very leetle boy and at breakfast it was the same. Not gay! No, no, not gay at all! I used to look at him and say to Charles: '*Mon Dieu*, is zat boy some one who 'as kill tigers in *Afrique;* who 'as see the world from Calcutta a Paris—no, no, I can not believe!' And always Charles would shake 'is head at me and say: 'Zut! Laurence, 'e is 'ere only for a leetle time. 'E will go on —'e can not stay—in 'im is somsing not to rest. 'E 'as not found 'is *metier!*'"

Mme. Lufbery is interrupted. There is a faint plaintive wail from the cradled bundle beside her. She bends over it swiftly, murmuring, and when she raises her head her eyes are wet and a trifle red.

"My baby," she says, simply. "It is eight weeks old. I write to Raoul when it 'as just one day of life, and I ask 'im, can you not come 'ome to be 'is godfaser? For eight weeks we 'ave wait for its christening. Just now, when could I hear from Raoul that 'e would come and give to it 'is great name—'e is gone! Ah!" With clenched hands she gazes heavenward. "We would not all feel so bad if they —they could not say they 'ad kill 'im! If only they could not say they 'ad make 'im fall."

Mme. Lufbery rocked the cradle violently while she fumbled in a cardboard box for the last letter from Raoul. It was in French, of course, but she translated it thus:

"I could wish to see Wallingford again"—this Major Lufbery wrote before, and not in answer to the letter concerning his newly arrived namesake. "But it is not for me now. I like the game here, thank you—I prefer to perch among my clouds and shoot at *Boches* even to passing a pleasant hour with you all. I can not come now. After the war we shall see—but I shall not, I think, live so long."

In spite of this, his sister-in-law had written, believing that he must consider the importance of the occasion. Unfortunately, she can not know what he intended. She wipes her eyes now with the characteristic poise which women of her race can assume with such startling suddenness.

"*Vous voyez,*" she says. "We did not expect 'e would dive. No, we were not surprised—but—of course—" her eyes again fall upon her child, crowing and sucking upon an incredibly large corner of his pillow. "Nevaire mind, *mon petit!* When thou art grown there will be bigger aeroplanes and per'aps even bigger deeds for thee to do!—*Las!* 'E will be a great *aviateur, celui-ci!*" observes Mme. Lufbery with conviction. "Excuse—" she begs, "I go to put 'im in the garden—to look at the sky!"

The type of machine that vanquished the great American Ace had not before appeared on the American front, although it had been used on the Somme. The Times says:

The sense of personal grief that we all feel in the death of Lufbery and his comrades is not forgotten in the larger anxiety caused by the flying tank. That is described as having a wing reach of sixty feet, its vital parts protected by armor, its pilot cased in three-eighths-inch steel, two-engined, two-gunned, the gunners in armor. Thus the pilot has nothing to do but run the machine. The protected gunners manage the two heavy machine guns. The tank seems immune to machine-gun bullets.

A 'Mother's Letter' From The Wife Of The President Of The French Republic

(READ THROUGHOUT AMERICA ON MOTHER'S DAY)

Palais de l'Elysée

TO THE MOTHERS OF AMERICA:

At this time when the United States, true to its appealing custom, is celebrating Mother's Day, let me tell you in the name of the French societies of the Red Cross, how much we want to share in this expression of gratitude towards the valiant mothers of noble America and how deeply our hearts, with yours, are in this holy observance.

From the beginning of the war, the American mothers, in their tender solicitude, sent us their babies' toys for our babies. Then they themselves came amongst us enlisting in an ever-increasing number of organisations for the care of the sick and the wounded. Even befcre your great country took part in this fight, they lavished here treasures of self-sacrifice and generosity.

Now that their husbands, brothers and sons are crossing the sea to come to France and fight under the Stars and Stripes, their courage is called upon to face that hard trial which the women of France have known these many months.

They can be sure that those who are dear to them and whom they follow onto the battlefield with their thoughts will find here the most cordial welcome and the gentlest care.

It is my earnest wish that this assurance comfort them. For all the distance, the women of France feel quite close to American women now. They are linked closely in the same patriotic duties, in the same hopes.

This is what the Red Cross Sccieties begged me to tell you today, feeling as they do that they speak fatithfully what all French women feel.

(Signed) HENRIETTE POINCARE.

FOR YOUNGER READERS

"Kathleen's Probation," by Joslyn Gray (Scribner's), a new story for girls, has its action in the life of the college, and later of a training school for nurses. Its heroine, Kathleen Rawdon, is a fine and beautiful young American girl whose very attractiveness and popularity add to the perils of selfishness which threaten her future. We follow in Miss Gray's book the turns of love and circumstance through which this young woman is brought to her best self.

Along with this book for girls comes a new and good one for boys, "Stephen's Last Chance" (Macmillan), the work of Margaret Ashmun. This is a tale of a Montana ranch, of the boy waif who found a home there and of the boyish love and loyalty that came out in payment for good care. A book of lively interest and abounding incident.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Klangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Hacan left Foochow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Sulyang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi will leave Foochow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Klanghsin will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Kaifong will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai tomorrow.

The R.M.S. Empress of Japan, left Kobe for Shanghai yesterday, and is due at Woosung on Monday, July 8, at 11 p.m. The tender Victoria will convey inward passengers and Mails to Shanghai, and may be expected to reach the Custom's Jetty at 9.30 a.m. on Tuesday, July 9. She will be despatched for Hongkong on the same day, and the tender Alexandra conveying outward passengers will leave the Custom's Jetty at 8.30 a.m.

Siccawei Weather Reports

4.—Rather fine weather in our regions; the barometer have fallen almost everywhere moderately on our coasts; considerably in the North. The Observatory of Manila notifies the existence of a new typhoon, far the East of Luson.

5.—Very cloudy, damp misty weather.

Friday, July 5, 1918.

Weather	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at Centg., mm...	749.96	750.62
Bar at Centg., inches.	29.53	29.55
Variation for mm 24h	−2.88	−2.56
Variation for mm 12h	−1.20	−0.92
Wind—Direction	SE	SSE
Wind—Kilom per hour	13	4
Wind—Miles	8.1	2.5
Temperature—Cen ...	22°4	27°2
Temperature—Fah ...	72.3	81.0
Humidity co:	97	85
Nebulosity 5-10	6	9
Rainfall mm	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE.

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. July 10

For U.S. Canada and Europe:—
Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo Maru July 19
Per C.P.R. s.s. E. of Japan July 20
Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela ....July 20

For Europe, etc:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. K'kura M. July 8

MAILS DUE.

From U.S. and Canada:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Atsuta Maru July 7
Per C.P.R. s.s. E. of Japan July 9

TO AVOID DYSENTERY

and Diarrhoea during the summer months a gentle laxative should be used whenever necessary to keep the system clean.

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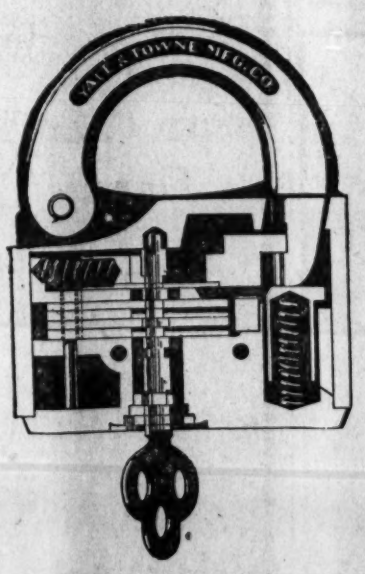

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SPORTS — Latest News of Athletic World — GOSSIP

Hong Doubles

The draw for the Hong tennis doubles championship ("Lester" Challenge Cups), follows. Competitors in the top half of the draw must play their matches on Tuesday. If the courts selected for play are not open on account of bad weather, then these matches must be played on the following day. Competitors drawn in the lower half must play on the first fine day after the matches in the top half have been played.

The draw:

First Round

R. Canavarro and E. Leitao (China Mutual Life Insurance Co.) vs. A. J. Grant and C. G. Humphrys (The Asiatic Petroleum Co.); F. S. Turner and I. A. Donnelly (Mackenzie and Co.) vs. R. Roberts and A. Leitao (China Mutual Life Insurance Co.); J. A. Kay and C. Knight (S. M. C. Electricity Department) vs. H. Mann and A. W. Macphail (S. M. C. Finance Department); L. E. Canning and C. C. Whitehead (Scott, Harding and Co.) vs. R. Grimshaw and L. R. Wheen (R. Grimshaw and Edward Wheen and Sons); E. F. Mackay and W. E. Leckie (Butterfield and Swire) vs. M. Tonkin and R. B. Nichols (American Trading Co.); C. Ollerdessen and J. Gutierrez (China Mutual Life Insurance Co.) vs. P. C. Murray and C. H. Soper (The Eastern Extension Australiasia and China Telegraph Co., Ltd.); R. Brown and J. Elmore (George McBain) vs. A. T. Heuckdendorff and J. A. Thomas (British-American Tobacco Co.); A. Gerry and D. H. Wythe (Andersen, Meyer and Co., Ltd.) vs. A. J. D. Stewart and C. J. Scott (Chartered Bank); M. Nakamura and M. Shibayama (Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd.) vs. Capt. E. I. M. Barrett and K. E. Newman (S.M. Police); J. Aquino and J. McLachlan (China Mutual Life Insurance Co.) vs. H. F. Gray and J. L. Wade (Eastern Extension Australasia and China Telegraph Co., Ltd.); D. L. Anderson and L. J. Mendt (Standard Oil Co. of N. Y.) vs. T. Hayashi and K. Hojima (Shanghai Cotton Manufacturing Co.); R. L. Noegaard and E. Taranger (Andersen, Meyer and Co., Ltd.) vs. St. G. R. Clark and C. C. Graham (Hongkong and Shanghai Bank); D. Campbell and A. H. Leslie (Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd.) vs. A. E. S. Thompson and F. R. Gabbott (A. E. S. Thompson and Co.); R. G. MacDonald and E. A. G. May (Dodwell and Co., Ltd.) vs. N. G. Maitland and A. V. White (Exchange Brokers); H. J. Sheridan and E. H. Staber (Standard Oil Co. of N. Y.) vs. F. K. Gold and F. L. Tinkham (American Trading Co.); H. Phillips and C. E. Whitamore (British Consulate-General) vs. J. R. Maughan and E. F. Bothwell (Lester, Johnson and Morriss and Palmer and Turner).

Tennis Match Today For French War Funds

Final In Mixed Doubles Championship At French Club This Afternoon

The final match in the mixed doubles championship of the Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association will be held this afternoon at 5 o'clock at the Cercle Sportif Francais.

Captain E. I. M. Barrett and Mrs. P. Enticknap will play against Mr. H. Toussaint and Mrs. R. C. Farbridge. Admission tickets are one dollar. The entire proceeds will go to the French War Funds.

Last Chance For Fans To See Navy Players

Sailor Nine Makes Farewell Appearance At Race Course This Afternoon

Shanghai fans will have their last opportunity to see the Navy team, winners of the July Fourth challenge cup, in action this afternoon, as the gunboats leave Shanghai tomorrow and transfers of several stars to other ships, mean that the team that plays today will be soon scattered to the four winds of the Yangtsze.

Both teams will be crippled today, as Brad Crow will be out because of an infected foot and Mal Maloney will be unable to play because of a crushed finger. Scott will play first for the sailors with Mitchem hurling.

Tinkham will have his first chance to pitch against the sailors today. Many fans were of the opinion that Tinkham should have started Thursday's game and a big crowd will be out to see him work today.

Today's game will start promptly at 3.30 and the club has it on the players because of the bell at the scorer's table which chases the combatants into the trenches and pulls them out in seven minutes for the relief.

Cricket Today

Cricket games will be played at the Shanghai Cricket Club, Police Grounds and at the Parsee Club this afternoon. All three matches are scheduled for 2.30 o'clock. The Machine Gun Company team meets the Cricket Club first eleven, the Parsee team plays "A" Company and the Police and Recreation Club elevens clash.

The lineups:

S.C.C. Team—W. E. Anderson, R. S. Campbell, W. C. G. Clifford, S. J. Deeks, R. Grimshaw, (Captain); W. Haynes, Churchill Knight, H. Langley, E. G. B. Lover, Dr. H. H. Morris and C. E. M. Thomson; reserves, G. S. B. Cushnie and A. S. Hocking.

Machine Gun Company—C. L. W. Bailey, D. Campbell, W. C. Foster, B. C. Lambert, A. E. Lanning, F. H. Pentycross, E. W. Stagg, (Capt.); W. C. D. Turner, S. Vine, L. R. Wheen and A. V. White; reserve, F. S. Turner.

Parsee Game

Parsee Cricket Club—C. H. Bhoora, E. D. Damri, K. D. Karanjia, H. S. Madan, R. H. Eagi (Captain), K. C. Sarkari, C. B. Sethna, J. H. Shroff, B. D. Tata, H. C. Umrigar, and R. Viccajee; reserves, F. R. Framee, M. D. Daji and H. L. Soparivala.

"A" Co.—Lieut. W. J. Monk (Capt.), L. Cpl. D. H. Cooke, L.-Cpl. Forshaw, Ptes. Clifford, F. Milner, J. E. Wilson, G. H. G. Caulton, G. S. Cushnie, J. E. Cameron, T. R. Macdonald and P. D. Sullivan.

At Police Field

Police—K. E. Newman, F. W. Potter, R. C. Alers, S. C. Young, W. E. Fairbairn, J. Robertson, E. C. Rock, H. C. Pelling, D. J. Webb, W. J. MacDermott and G. Sale (Captain).

Recreation Club—T. Main, (Capt.), W. E. Wilson, C. E. Ollerdessen, A. J. Willis, L. P. Quincey, W. T. Manley, G. Madar, E. J. Cooke, V. Elliot, W. Mooney, H. Harrison and H. J. Ambrose.

Lawn Bowls

Teams representing Scotland and the Rest of the Club will meet this afternoon a 4 o'clock at the S.L.B.C. rinks.

Scotland:—C. M. Bain, (skip); J. Park, C. W. Porter, D. Mennie, G. L. Campbell, (skip); J. P. Lowe, D. MacGregor, G. Browne, A. D. Bell, (skip); J. Valentine, J. R. Kinghorn, P. M. Scott, J. T. Disselduff, (skip); J. C. Macdougall, A. G. Stephen, D. M. Graham, D. MacDonald, (skip); J. C. Thomson, J. B. Grant, G. Dunlop.

Rest of Club:—S. Hammond, (skip); F. Large, O. H. Blackburn, F. L. Marshall, Alb. Taylor (skip); R. G. H. Cole, H. de Farrant, Dr. W. J. Ross, E. L. Hunter, (skip); R. J. Bowerman, T. E. Trueman, W. A. Ogden, J. D. Gaines, (skip); J. J. Sheridan, J. Frost, W. Gater, W. D. McCallum, (skip); R. Simmons, E. Payne, W. N. C. Allen.

Special Rink Competition

This Special Rink Competition will be played today at 4 p.m. sharp.

E. L. Allen (skip), E. M. Reid, E. C. Emmett, Dr. C. F. Mills.

F. A. Sampson (skip), A. W. Dewhurst, S. M. S. Gubbay, H. M. Gorton.

S. L. B. C.—Club Pairs

The following is the draw for the Club "Pairs," (Scratch).

D. Mennie and J. C. Macdougall vs. J. C. Thomson and C. L. Campbell.

W. Gater and J. D. Gaines vs. G. Dunlop and J. Frost and J. Valentine.

J. Frost and R. G. H. Cole vs. C. M. Bain and D. M. Graham.

W. D. McCallum and T. Harborne vs. A. D. Bell and J. J. Sheridan.

E. L. Allen and W. B. Pitt vs. E. Payne and R. J. Bowerman.

F. L. Marshall and R. Simmons vs. O. H. Blackburn and S. Hammond.

Byes—F. Large and J. Park.

S. L. B. C. v. J. G. C.

The following will represent the S. L. B. Club against the Shanghai Junior Golf Club lawn bowls section tomorrow at 4 p.m.

C. M. Bain (skip), Alex. Samson, A. W. Dewhurst, C. Dunlop, J. C. Macdougall, (skip); W. D. McCallum, D. Mennie, R. Simmons, Albert Taylor, (skip), C. H. Blackburn, P. M. Scott, W. Gater, J. T. Disselduff, (skip); J. J. Sheridan, J. D. Gordon, F. Large, J. D. Gaines, (skip); D. MacDonald, E. Payne, R. G. H. Cole, J. Park, (skip), E. Hunter, F. A. Sampson, F. L. Marshall.

S. R. C. v. Yangtszepoo

This match will be played on the Recreation Club's ground tomorrow afternoon.

The following will represent the Yangtszepoo L. B. C.:—R. Dorrance, C. Richards, T. Sands and T. Mason, G. McMurdoch, J. Shaw, S. Marks and G. Johnston, W. T. Bisset, W. Marshall, J. McPherson and F. Ferrier, R. C. Aitkenhead, A. M. Macgregor, W. Smith and G. Bloom, A. S. Allen, A. A. Malcolm, J. Tweedlie and A. Taylor, reserves:—D. H. Robinson, A. J. Ferrier, H. Townshend, S. Rozario and T. H. Brownlie.

Polo Today

A polo match, four chukkas, will take place at the Race Course this afternoon at 4.45 o'clock. The teams:

J. Johnstone	I. Ezra
C. C. Boyd	J. I. Ezra
Dr. Billinghurst	G. Dallas
E. S. B. Rowe	A. J. P. Heard

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WEATHER

Misty, very cloudy, or overcast weather. Oppressive heat. Local thunderstorms.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JULY 6, 1918

A Remedy Against German Atrocities

THERE can be no question but that the Allies have got hold of the wrong end of the stick in dealing with the matter of the systematic atrocities that have since the outbreak of the present war disgraced the German government and people and besmirched the annals of warfare. Mr. Bonar Law has struck the right key as regards the sentiment German War Juggernaut when he states that inasmuch as the wild beast is at large, there is no use in arguing or reasoning with him, but that the only thing to do is to destroy him. He might have gone further than that and suggested that before the destructive process is completed, on which point there is complete unanimity on the part of all the Allies, the Allies might minimise the depredations of the German wild beast by fighting him with his own weapon and initiating a legitimate device the nature whereof will presently be disclosed and calculated to confound and bewilder him, and to make him hesitate in committing fresh atrocities against hospital ships and Red Cross hospitals, than which nothing more ghoulish could be conceived.

As Mr. Bonar Law says, one would have thought there could be nothing new with regard to German brutalities, but the sinking of the hospital ship Llandovery Castle is a fresh horror. The latest unspeakable outrage perpetrated by Germany cannot but have the effect of the deepening the determination of the world to put a stop to the reign of terror launched by Germany. The innate brutality of the German nature is well brought out by the circumstances that surround the diabolical and cowardly sinking of the Llandovery Castle. There is a suggestion of elemental savagery in the manner in which the vessel was sent to her d
It is needless to dwell on the fact that the ship of mercy bore all those marks of identification required by the law of nations to ensure her inviolability from attack. The fact has been established that she was steaming at the speed of fourteen knots per hour, showing the usual navigation and regulation hospital ship lights and, under an overcast sky, she was plainly visible and not mistakeable for anything but what she was, a ship immune by every law of war and peace from attack or molestation.

What makes the crime doubly heinous is the fact that the terror of darkness in which the drowning victims were fighting for breath was added to by wanton firing of shells from the submarine on lifeboats. The manner in which the victimised captain's boat was prevented from rescuing a drowning man from the water on pain of being fired at by the submarine's big gun will produce a wave of indignation wherever the narrative of the crime is read. The treatment also that was meted out to a Canadian medical officer who was roughly hauled on board the submarine will not be forgotten when the time comes for an outraged world to demand reparation.

As an instance of the ferocity displayed by the captain of the German submarine, it is only necessary to narrate that one of the hospital ship's boats containing twelve Sisters of Mercy was seen to capsize and the sisters were thrown out and pinned underneath the boat. A Canadian sergeant of the medical corps who was in this boat managed to scramble upon the keel. He was apparently dazed and badly bruised, yet, when the boat drifted alongside the submarine and the Canadian, evidently thinking it was a rescue ship, scrambled on board, he was picked up by one of the hands and flung back into the sea. The outstanding element of horror in the latest atrocity committed by Germany is the repeated attempt of the commander of the submarine to justify himself by accusing his innocent victims of all sorts of fantastic offences, such as carrying munitions, and by his wild and furious shooting among the wreckage of the hospital ship in an apparent attempt to "sink without a trace."

So much for the harrowing details of one of the worst crimes perpetrated by Germany. What about any conceivable remedies calculated to have a restrictive and deterrent influence on the commission of these crimes? Is there any possible remedy? Yes, there is indubitably a remedy—and an effective remedy. The Allied Governments should forthwith agree among themselves to the principle of carrying a goodly number of German and Austrian prisoners of war on board hospital ships in order to cover the safety from attack of helpless Allied non-combatants. They should likewise agree to filling base hospitals where Red Cross activities are in progress with enemy prisoners, so that in this way German submarine commanders and airmen will hesitate before practising frightfulness which will victimise their own brethren. There is no good reason why the Allies should not try this device. It will bring about that which the Allies cannot bring about by fair means, namely, the inviolability of hospital ships and Red Cross hospitals.

How Many Days Do You Work Each Year?

It would be difficult to prove to the average man that, instead of being the hard working man he is fond of supposing that he is, in reality he does not work a single day in the entire year!

Yet such is fact is apparently demonstrable by figures, and "figures never lie," you know. Here they are. Work it out for yourself.

Each year has	365 days
You sleep eight hours each day, which equals	122 days
This leaves	243 days
You rest eight hours each day, which equals	122 days
This leaves	121 days
There are 52 Sundays that you do not work	52 days
This leaves	69 days
You have one-half day off each Saturday	26 days
This leaves	43 days
You have one and a half hours each day for lunch..	28 days
This leaves	15 days
You get two weeks' vacation each year	14 days
This leaves	1 day
And this being Labor Day, you close on that day	1 day
	0

His Destination

"And are you bound for France?" I said,
To one in khaki dressed.
His face was brown, his hair was red;
He had a bulging chest.
He turned and stared. Then said,
"Who? Me?
Why, I am bound for Germany."

"But first," I said, "you'll have to go
To England or to France;
There feel the warmth of friendship's glow,
Tradition and romance."
"That would be fine, of course; but me
I want to get to Germany.

"England and France are great, I s'pose;
And maybe, coming back,
We'll stop a while and see some shows,
But first I want a whack
At Kaiser Bill and his Heinies. Gee!
But I want to get to Germany."

Maurice Morris.

Rules for the Gardener

In tools for gardening, you require a wheel-hoe with cultivator, rake, plow, side-hoe, seed-dropper, and all the wrinkles, about $14.35; miscellaneous hand-hoes, rakes, cultivators, pushers, pullers, persuaders, and grabber, $27.56. Total about $41.91. These tools are not to used on your own garden, but to lend to your neighbors. You do your own work with tools borrowed from one neighbor while another neighbor is using the ones you bought. Garden tools are like a circulating library, only very few of the things come back. You must also have a large supply of monkey-wrenches, Stilson wrenches, hammers, saws, screw-drivers, etc., because the neighbors who borrow your garden tools will naturally hesitate to ask you to come over and fix 'em when they get out of whack, but will be glad to borrow the tools to fix 'em with. So you just gotta have plenty of implements and tools.—*Richmond Times-Dcspatch.*

A Fifty-fifty Irishman

In his book, "From Gallipoli to Bagdad," "Padre" William Ewing tells the story of a burly Irishman brought into the field-hospital suffering from many wounds.

"What are you?" asked the doctor.
"Sure, I'm half an Irishman."
"And what's the other half?"
"Holes and bandages."—*Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.*

How U.S.A. Soldiers Fight

By F. A. McKenzie
(Daily Mail)

When the Americans took over their first sectors in the fightnig lines north-east of Toul things were very quiet. The most exciting incident known for some time was when a flock of wild geese flew over the country and French and Germans both mounted the parapets and shot at them.

Now the guns are at work day and night. Raid follows raid, and artillery duel trips over artillery duel. One afternoon may be taken as fairly typical. The Germans were shelling every village where they thought that the Divisional Staff might be, shelling "good and hard" and maintaining a curtain of fire on the woods and the roads behind. I made my way into one village and discovered that it was a mere shell. Every house was destroyed. The village street was barricaded with barbed wire, for it was on the very edge of our front.

The company that held the place were all volunteers; many of them were college lads who had joined the colors at the first announcement of war. The sentry was from Chicago University. His lieutenant was from Princeton, "Princeton, 1912."

German shells were tearing over us towards a wood immediately behind and from that wood one American gunner was keeping on a steady fire. Everyone cursed him. "There goes Brown with his one-pound popgun again," said the captain. "He's having all the fun and we'll have to pay for it, sure as fate."

* * * *

We had barely finished our evening meal when the whistling of the shells took a fresh note. Everyone suddenly darted for the cellar, a temporary structure left by some previous tenant, that would not have kept back a three-inch shell. For a few minutes there came a steady rain of shells around us. It ceased and we stepped out again. A few minutes later the game began anew. This time the shells came, not by the units but by the dozen. They got our roof. They got our yard. One burst just outside our front door. One caught a man in the street, whereupon a soldier who saw him fall darted out amid the bursting shells and carried him in. Shell splinters penetrated the caboose of the doctor's cellar. For an hour or two afterwards anyone remaining in a dug-out had to keep his gas mask on.

Most of my companions were new to this kind of work. They took it in the most matter-of-course way. The second bombardment had barely ceased before the lieutenant was out again planning a fresh enterprise to worry Fritz that night.

Here were fighting men of the right type. They had come into the war as a matter of duty. Intellectually they were regretting its hateful necessity; physically they were enjoying the tremendous stimulus of the great game in which life is the stake. There was not a gloomy face among them. Keen and ready, of splendid physique, working together with the precision of a well-trained football team, they were right on their job.

Just Behind The Battle

By Hilda M. Love
Somewhere in France.

There is a constant sunset illusion in this corner of the war zone. Long light spring evenings help to foster it; the temporary peace and quietness add to it.

War apparently finishes at 7 o'clock in this laboring quarter of France. The "Waacs" have marched back to camp, men have returned from the engineering shops and yards, labor corps are back from the wharves, the stream of lorries has almost ceased, the clouds of dust have fallen.

All have had their evening meal, washed, and turned to their favorite recreation or their own personal matters.

In a neighboring camp the "Cape Boys" indulge in an orgy of hymn-singing. Their sergeant stands at the end of his camp watching a team of Kaffirs play football.

A sight worth watching, too. Scarlet-and-white and yellow-and black jerseys of the opposing sides show up the glistening coal-black faces. Two khaki men run with them as trainers.

When the ball nears a goal the excitement is terrific; colored spectators, ignoring all rules, join in the fray, eager to get in a kick. The delight of the players is to hit the ball with their heads rather than use their feet. There is a sudden meeting of dusky polls in mid-air, a roar, a fall on the ball, and the goalkeeper can contain himself no longer and runs from his post and joins in the melee. And, to the accompaniment of amazing shouts, someone scores a goal while the post is vacant.

* * *

A few Chinese wander along the road, dressed in that amazing mixture of clothing which appeals to them and fascinates us.

The imitative instinct is strong within them. One has soiled bandages round his trousered legs for puttees, another, a high, grimy celluloid collar, worn "a la padre," round his neck, with a too small black hat perched on the north-west corner of his head, and the inevitable umbrella, with cover, under his arm. His companion wears a gigantic straw hat and an enormous red service stripe on the cuff of his blue dungarees.

Neatly dressed "Waacs," with khaki escorts, pass down the road carrying the blooms of field and forest.

Marines are busy gardening, creating a subtle domestic air. Outside one hut a canary sings.

Tennis is in full swing in another camp, cricket in an adjoining field. From the Y.M.C.A. hut can be heard the orchestra practising; in the main hall a boxing bout is in progress; through a window can be seen a blue-gowned woman instructing the interested members of a French class; while the rest-room holds the readers and those writing home.

French folk sit outside their doors in the cool of the evening sewing or talking with neighbors; and in the distance, behind the barbed wire, the boche also takes his ease.

This workaday corner of the war world enjoys its hour of unconscious refreshment, of slackening of tension, without which it could not go on. To all appearances war has slipped into the background until daybreak next morning.

It is but an illusion, however, for down at the works and on the wharves the night shifts are carrying on the work of the day, while away on the high road there pass those grey cars that mean work for doctors and nurses and tell of the spot where the blessed illusion comes not even for an hour.

Only Thing To Do

George Washington Jones, late of Atlanta, was making his first trip frontward on a supply wagon—with not much farther to go—when, from the side of the road, a camouflaged American battery broke forth thunderously, sending a few 300-pound tokens over the line to Fritz. The ground trembled from the salvo, but not any more than George as he jumped from his high seat to the road.

The American artillery officer in charge of the battery crossed over to the road.

"Scarced?" he demanded.

"Well," said George, "Ah was slightly agitated at fust. Ah suttingly was. But keep right on. Dat's de only way to win dis wah—fiah dem guns."—*From Stars and Stripes.*

Betting! -:- By James J. Montague

The shipyards engaged in putting out the new tonnage have made big bets with each other as to who will finish first.— News item.

You can argue till you're winded on the outcome of the war,
You can quote the noted experts and authorities galore,
You can talk of breaks and sectors and of salients and such,
And contend that turning movements never can amount to much.
But your hearers will regard you with a look of pained regret
That they've got to disbelieve you—till you try to start a bet,
Then you'll find that their attention is respectful and polite,
For Americans don't wager till they're pretty sure they're right.

You can boost this man or that man for a winning candidate,
You can vow he'll sweep the nation and stampede the whole darn State.
You can prophesy his future by his ballot getting past,
And can prove by quoting figures just how many votes he'll cast.
But the crowd will gaze upon you with a disbelieving eye
Till you say: "Put up or shut up! Here's my money on this guy!"
Then you'll see real admiration for your wisdom in their glance,
For most people will believe you—if you'll take a betting chance.

So, though sundry pious people think that betting is accursed,
We rejoice to see the shipyards wager who will finish first,
Betting in this hurrying hour of the nation's greatest need
As to who will launch the tonnage at the very highest speed.
And we may remark in passing that when all the bets are in,
We could wish that all the bettors in this giant's game could win.
Betting may not be good ethics in a job like this—and yet,
You can bet that anybody will deliver—if HE'LL bet.

Some Air Escapes

By "Night-Hawk"

A "dud" engine, an essential "control" shot away, a bad wound causing the pilot temporarily to lose consciousness—these three factors have resulted in some of the most amazing escapes from death in the chronicles of war.

One of my friends was hit in the head and shoulder while flying at 800 feet above a big town several miles over the lines. He flopped forward over the joy-stick and the "bus" immediately nosed earthwards. His observer, realising that something had gone wrong, leaned over from the front seat, pushed the pilot off the stick, held him back with one hand, and pulled the machine out of her dive just in time.

It was night-time. The pilot had fainted. With one hand the observer held the unconscious man back in his seat; with the other he kept the joy-stick straight, the machine climbing steadily. He had his back to the course they were flying, and his main object was to get the machine over the lines, then crash her and trust to luck. He had little or no lateral control because he could not touch the rudder. However, with full control of his throttle and elevator, there was not much danger of side-slipping because the machine was stable, and, provided she was not banked at too steep an angle, would take up her own rudder.

Every now and then his right arm would become cramped with the strain of keeping the pilot in his seat. He would change hands, watching his instruments grimly. The pilot would again flop forward, to be pressed back with the left hand, while the tired right hand grabbed the stick and rescued her from her dive.

For more than half an hour my friend managed to keep up this sort of pump-handling, and then to his intense joy he saw beneath him the long line of Verey lights over the trenches. He flew for another two or three minutes, then throttled back, and shook the unconscious figure in the pilot's seat.

"Look here, old boy," he shouted as the pilot opened his eyes, "I've flown the 'bus' over the lines. It's your job now. Can you land her?"

The pilot responded to the appeal and "flattened out" in time to "write off" the "bus" in a shell-hole. But they "got away with it." Friendly Portuguese officers gave the observer fried steak and "pukka" port, and sent the wounded pilot back to hospital through one of their own clearing stations.

* * *

On another occasion a machine in our squadron was two miles o the lines on a pitchblack night. The engine cut out completely. The pilot tried all the usual dodges—diving steeply, turning the self-starter, switching over to service-tank. But nothing happened.

"We're for it," he shouted to his observer. "Throw your gun overboard."

A machine gun was firing viciously from the ground, and they were less than the length of a football field from it, when, with a sudden roar, the engine "opened out." All the way home she gave trouble—spitting and spluttering like a Manx cat—but they managed to make our lines and land in a field without breaking anything.

On the following night an observer's handkerchief blew back into the engine and choked it, and we heard the machine miles away from the aerodrome clanking home on about two cylinders. He had to glide the linal four miles absolutely without the engine. Fortunately, there was a stiff following wind and he got in easily.

These are only three of the many cases I know of where fortune has waited upon pluck and brought many a dear good fellow back to safety when all the odds seemed to be against him.

The New Sub.

By Helga Hope Hawkins

It was yesterday in Regent-street that I saw them, the New Sub, and his sister—a pair of fine tall young things expressing in every movement life and the joy of living.

His khaki was so new and his pride in his appearance so obvious that I guessed the uniform had only just left the tailor's hands!

How was I aware of their relationship? Because I own a sister myself and am positive that no other feminine belonging would have given his tunic that necessary tug behind in the middle of a crowded thoroughfare; or remark, as she certainly did, that his tie was not quite as it should be!

This last suggestion caused a look of alarm to cross the handsome boyish face, and necessitated several furtive peeps into a shop window to remedy the evil. The frequent hasty glances at his reflected image invariably fell from the tie to his field boots and spurs, which apparently were a source of great satisfaction.

I chuckled as a bevy of laughing Tommies approached my couple. I had not yet seen the young spark salute.

He saw them too, for there was a hasty transfer of the silver-topped swagger-cane from the right hand to the left and another pull at the recreant tie.

These preliminary maneuvers were followed by an expression and pose of absolute indifference to his surroundings, and, turning to his sister, he smiled and made some remark.

As the Tommies came abreast of them the Subaltern looked up and returned their salute so smartly that one of them—an old soldier—smiled indulgently.

I think my Sub, was pleased with his first salute, for it seemed to me that he swung along with an increased sense of his own importance.

* * * *

People turned to look at them; the women to gaze with softened eyes at him; the men to stare at her. My Subaltern, however, took all the glances for himself, or, rather, as a tribute to the new uniform! Suddenly I saw her nudge him and these words in a sweet voice floated back to me:

"A Brass Hat! Are you going to salute him?"

Her answer was a brotherly "Shut up!" followed by a hasty look round to see if anyone had heard.

The "Brass Hat"—a very fierce-looking one—bore quickly down upon them.

This time the boy was obviously uneasy; he even blushed under his tan as he smartly brought his hand to a magnificent salute.

The "Brass Hat" smiled as the Tommy had done, but it was more a smile of understanding. He too had one day been a brand-new Second-Lieutenant.

"What a dear!" I heard the sister's clear voice exclaim as the be ribboned veteran stumped past. Her innocent remark was followed by an agonised whisper from the Sub.: "For goodness' sake do shut up; he must have heard you."

He had heard, and it had warmed his heart.

I watched them till they were lost in the crowd; he who would do things and she who would watch, wait, and pray while he did them.

My thoughts flew to after the war, and I wondered if my Sub. would still walk Regent Street at her side, or if it should be her lot to walk alone, a silent, sad, black figure, and, if so, how precious yet painful would be the memory of the walk I had witnessed.

Change Of Character

Lieut. Swallow: I don't know what to make of Lieut. Tallespin since he joined that bombing squadron.

Lieut. Sparrow: Yes, he's changed a lot; become a regular fly by night.

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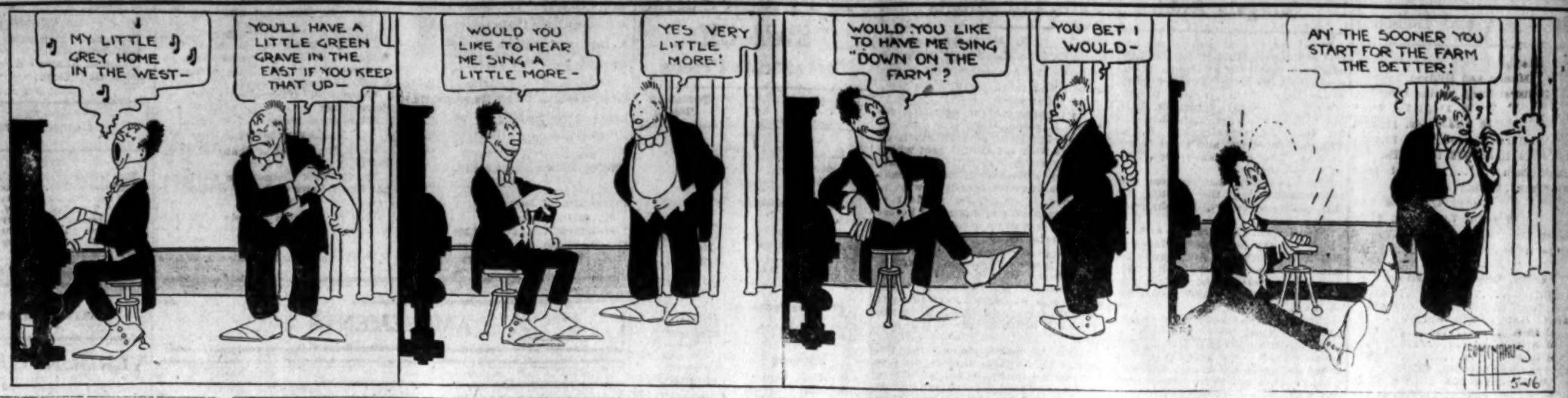
Bringing Up Father — By George McManus


MY LITTLE GREY HOME IN THE WEST-
YOU'LL HAVE A LITTLE GREEN GRAVE IN THE EAST IF YOU KEEP THAT UP-
WOULD YOU LIKE TO HEAR ME SING A LITTLE MORE-
YES VERY LITTLE MORE!
WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE ME SING "DOWN ON THE FARM"?
YOU BET I WOULD-
AN' THE SOONER YOU START FOR THE FARM THE BETTER!
GEO MCMANUS
5-16

Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers — **Daily Home Magazine Page** — *A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour*

A Good Book On Russia

By George Kennan
(*In The Outlook*)

Surgeon Grow: An American in the Fighting Line. By Lieutenant-Colonel Malcolm C. Grow. The F. A. Stokes Company, New York. $1.50 (gold).

Since the overthrow of the Government of the Tsar, in March, 1917, the attention of the world has been fixed on Russia. Scores of English and American observers have visited that country, and most of them have written books or magazine articles in which they have described events witnessed by them, or have given their impressions of Russian character, the Russian people, Russian Bolsheviki, or the Russian army. Some of this literature—especially that which records personal observation or experience—has permanent value; but a large part of it is superficial, inaccurate, or sensational, and some of it is wholly untrustworthy and misleading. Not every man who goes to Russia is qualified to write a book on that country. In order to judge events and estimate tendencies rightly, the observer must have some previously acquired knowledge of Russian history and the Russian people, and with such knowledge only a few of the many recent travelers in Russia have been equipped. For this reason most of them have failed to understand, or at least to explain adequately, even the events that they witnessed.

This does not apply, however, to observers who, although they had no previous knowledge of the country, remained there long enough to learn things of which they had before been ignorant. Among such observers is Dr. Malcolm C. Grow, a surgeon of Philadelphia, who went to Russia in 1915, entered the Russian service, and eventually became a lieutenant-colonel in the army medical corps. He has written a book entitled "Surgeon Grow: An American in the Fighting Line," which ought to be read by every one who wishes to know what the Russian army was, and what it accomplished before it had been deceived and demoralised by the propaganda of Russian Socialists and German agents. It has now gone to pieces and practically disappeared, but before the Revolution it was an army of which any country might justly be proud. It was betrayed by spies and officials in Petrograd, it was often badly led, and it seldom had an adequate supply of weapons and ammunition; but in the most disheartening circumstances, and frequently in the face of certain defeat, it fought with heroic and indomitable courage.

At the battle of Postovy, where the Germans had received information from Petrograd of the impending attack and had massed parks of artillery and hundreds of machine guns to meet it, a single Russian unit charged again and again until it had lost thirty-two hundred men out of four thousand. In a "demonstration attack"—a mere feint—at another point in Poland three Russian regiments in a few hours suffered a loss of more than three thousand men. At a fight which took place in the course of the Brusiloff drive into Galicia half an acre of ground was covered with the bodies of two thousand men who had been killed in less than five minutes by an unexpected cloud of poison gas. In one of the battles which Dr. Grow witnessed a single Russian army corps in two or three days made thirteen successive attacks and lost twenty-five thousand men out of fifty thousand. In one battalion less than three hundred men were left out of an original strength of twelve hundred. "It required men with nerves of steel," Dr. Grow says, "to charge across that hell of No Man's Land, but those Russian peasant soldiers did it time after time. They realised that it was almost certain death to do so, but there was no flinching. Many were killed in the reserve positions without even a rifle in their hands; for because of the machinations of pro-German plotters in Petrograd our troops never had sufficient rifles. Many times they had to wait until rifles taken from the wounded could be given to them. There is nothing that will break the morale of troops so quickly as to be under shell fire without a weapon of defense in their hands. Then, too, the knowledge that they had been betrayed to the Germans, that they had known for weeks of our plans and had concentrated such an overwhelming amount of guns and men at this point to break down our attacks, had a most depressing effect. The wonder of it was that our troops attacked at all in the face of such discouragement."

And yet the Russian army, in spite of treasonable betrayal, insufficient ammunition and immense and unnecessary losses, fought as bravely as any of the armies on the western front until it was misled and bedeviled by Socialistic propagandists from the Petrograd Workmen's Council. As Dr. Grow justly says, in commenting on the results of the revolution: "It was an appalling fact that this magnificent fighting machine, composed of twelve million soldiers, who, at the time when I was with them, had been as fine fighting men as the world had ever seen, could be now absolutely inert without ever having been seriously defeated in the field. At no time since the beginning of the war had the Germans killed, wounded, or captured sufficient numbers of the Russian soldiers or taken sufficient material to destroy them as an active offensive agent. The paralysis of this huge army had been accomplished without the loss of a man by the insidious but wonderfully effective agencies of intrigue and propaganda. Had the new Government (the First Provisional Government) taken a firm stand from the beginning and refused to recognise the soldiers' committees, backing up the generals and officers in their efforts to enforce discipline and retaining the death penalty for insubordination, the Russian army would remain today an important factor in the war."

At one of the later battles in Poland Dr. Grow was wounded and had the drums of both ears ruptured by the bursting of a shell which struck a tree only four feet from where he was standing. For his devotion to the wounded under terrific fire in this engagement he received from the Grand Duke Nicholas the medal of St. George. Of this, however, he speaks modestly and almost casually. His book, as a whole, is filled with accurate observations, interesting incidents, and graphic descriptions. Nothing, for example, could be more effective than the night scene in a hospital tent at the front, where the surgeon, by the dim light of a tallow candle, was trying to pick up with forceps the severed arteries of a badly wounded soldier who was rapidly bleeding to death. Twice fragments of German shells tore through the tent, and twice the orderly who was holding the candle dropped it in the shock of the shell-burst and left the operator in total darkness; but the undaunted surgeon relighted the candle, kept at work, and saved the wounded man's life. Neither in this nor in the many other incidents and adventures which make the book as absorbing as a novel is there any self-consciousness on the part of the narrator or any straining after effect. All is simple, sincere, accurate, and trustworthy. It is a book that deserves the attention of every reader who wishes to know how the Russian peasant soldier behaved before he was inoculated with the virus of Socialism and how he may behave again when he recovers from the mental delirium of Anarchistic fever and becomes amenable once more to reason and discipline.

All Over The Far East

"In the early days of internment there were complaints by prisoners as regards food, the sending of letters and walks outside the camps but these complaints have now almost disappeared," says Colonel Shirakawa, Chief of the Japanese Intelligence Office.

"It is true that the quality of food supplied the prisoners has been affected somewhat owing to the rise in the price of commodities but it should be remembered that the food is exactly the same given the prisoners as that which is supplied to Japanese soldiers. That the quality of food supplied the prisoners is not inferior may be gathered from the fact that their average weight is 157.32 pounds. Certain privileges in allowing the prisoners to go on walks outside the camps, and in the matter of mailing letters, have been granted."

To inspect the tram systems in American cities the Tokio municipal authorities have ordered Mr. Masuda, expert of the Electric Bureau, to the United States.

Major-General Nakashima, of the General Staff, has returned to Tokio after having spent about six months in Siberia. He stated that Siberia is becoming dangerous.

The memorial hall in the Imperial Palace at Tokio in honour of the fighting in Tsingtao and other places against Germany has been completed and is called Junmeifu.

Mr. Ichiya Kumagae, Japan's foremost tennis star, on June 12, won his third annual championship of the Tokio Lawn Tennis Club by defeating Mr. Nomura in straight sets, 6-2, 6-2, 6-0.

The Chosen Paper Manufacturing Company has obtained licenses from the Governments of America and Sweden for the shipment of paper machines it has bought there. In March next year the company will turn out 15,000 tons of pulp.

The Nippon Yusen Kaisha steamer Hakuai Maru, carrying a record number of 1,700 emigrants to South America, will leave Kobe for Suoth America shortly.

The Italian Consul at Tientsin has handed over 150 German and Austrain war prisoners to Tsao Tu, the Civil Governor of Chihli, who will intern them at Haitien.

According to a vernacular contemporary, Mr. E. Wallich, manager of the Osaka branch of the Siemens Schukert Kabushiki Kaisha, has filed in the Tokio Chiho Saibansho a request that the Public Procurator institute proceedings against certain British, American, French, Russian, and Servian residents of the metropolis. It is stated that a few nights ago Mr. Wallich entered the Seiyoken Hotel, Tsukiji, Tokio, where a number of residents of Allied nationalities were dining. Mr. Suzuki, of the South Manchuria Railway Company, was also present, and Mr. Wallich engaged in conversation with him partly in English and partly in German. It is alleged that the Allied residents took offence at the German language being spoken, and told Mr. Suzuki that it was improper of him speak German in his native country.

Mr. Wallich then withdrew to his own room, whereupon it is alleged that the persons against whom he has laid complaint followed him up to his room, threatened him with violence, and demanded that he should show his passports. It is reported that the Procurator's office is making investigations to ascertain if the charges made by Mr. Wallich are based upon fact.—*Japan Chronicle.*

On June 23 a publisher named Chan Kang-fu, of the Chinese newspaper The Republican Herald was arrested and summarily shot without trial on Sunday morning by order of the Tuchun on a charge a having published on June 22, certain matters relating to the political unrest and the change of the Financial Bureau of Canton.

Considering the unfairness of the case, the Chinese Press Society in Canton summoned a meeting of all the Chinese newspapers in Canton and decided to raise a protest against the matter. The following resolutions were also passed at the meeting:

1. That it is resolved by the Press Society that all the newspapers in Canton shall stop issue for one day on the 26th inst. as a token of sympathy to the deceased.
2. That the National Assembly and the Canton Assembly be requested to demand the redressing of the grievance.
3. That all matters relating to the Tuchun's Yamen be not published in future.
4. That all the newspapers in China and abroad be notified of the matter in order to discuss means for the maintenance of the press privileges.

A Honolulu report says: Japanese residents of the Island of Hawaii, who were formerly in the Japanese Army, have organised for patriotic work for the U. S. during the war. The organisation is known as the American-Japanese Soldiers' Protective Union. A declaration of purposes recites that as both the United States and Japan are at war with Germany the Japanese in Hawaii, especially former soldiers, realise their duty to help the U. S. win the war. The organisation will co-operate with the military authorities in advancing war preparations; will give aid and encouragement to drafted men about to leave for the front; will take care and charge of the soldiers' families; will encourage the purchase of War Savings Stamps, the production of foodstuffs and further Red Cross work, all to the end of "instilling into the hearts of the population the real war spirit."

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Gents' and Ladies' Lever Watches of any shape and size.

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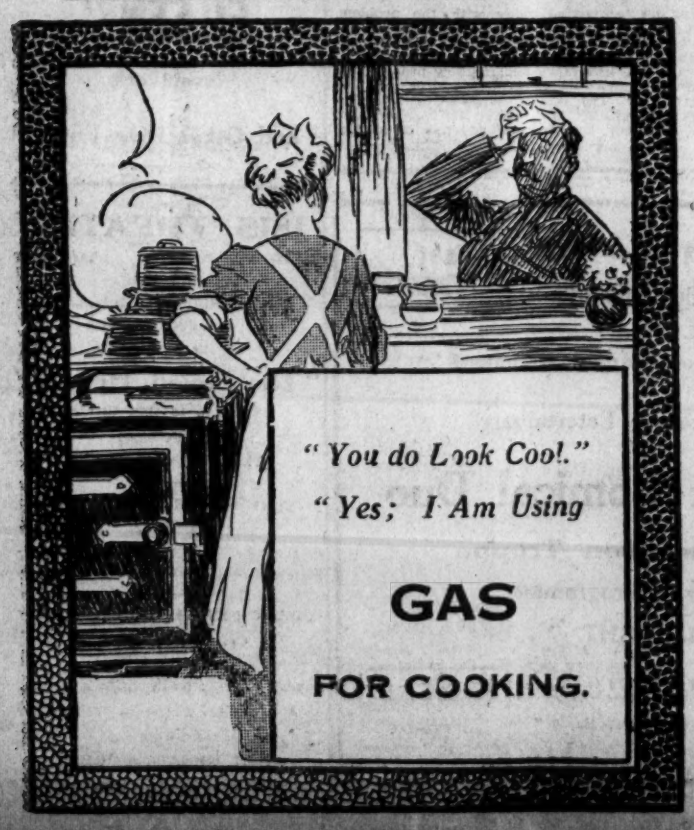

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The Greatest of Tonic Foods
FOR BRAIN AND BODY
Invaluable to
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ENDORSED BY ALL LEADING PHYSICIANS
It is not a temporary stimulant, but an abiding influence for Good Health.
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Optician
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EXECUTED UNDER FOREIGN SUPERVISION WHILE YOU ARE AWAY ON HOLIDAY.
ARTS & CRAFTS, LTD.
Decorating Specialists, Bubbling Well Road

A Safe Hepatic Stimulant and True Laxative

ITS daily use removes that lazy, sluggish feeling safely and effectively.

To sensibly aid digestion—to harmlessly overcome constipation, make the use of this mild effervescing saline laxative a daily habit.

It is Pleasant to Take—It is Effective

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, July 5, 1918.

Money and Bullion

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate:
@ 111⅛=Tls. 89.49
@ 7.28=Mex. $122.92
Mex. Dollars Market rate: 72.4625
Thai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 285
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1815
Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 4/8½=Tls. 4.27
@ exch. 7.28=Mex. $5.86
Peking Bar ..... —
Native Interest ..... .08

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 48⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Market Rate of Discount:—
3 m-s. ..... %
4 m-s. ..... %
6 m-s. ..... %
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.
Ex. Paris on London ....Fr. 27.25
Ex. N. Y. on London ....T.T. $4.76⅛
Consols ..... £ —

Exchange Opening Quotations

London ..... T.T. 4/8½
London ..... Demand 4/8⅛
India ..... T.T. 312½
Paris ..... T.T. 640
Paris ..... Demand 642
New York ..... T.T. 111½
New York ..... Demand 111⅝
Hongkong ..... T.T. 70½
Japan ..... T.T. 47½
Batavia ..... T.T. 213½

Banks Buying Rates

London ..... 4 m/s. Cdts. 4/10d.
London ..... 4 m/s. Docy. 4/10½d.
London ..... 6 m/s. Cdts. 4/10¼d.
London ..... 6 m/s. Docy. 4/10⅝d.
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 665
New York ..... 4 m/s. 115½

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR JULY.

Hk. Tls. 3.81 @ 4/8½		£1
" 1 @ 643		France 7.16
" 0.80 @ 111¼		Gold $1
" 1 @ 67½		Yen 2.36
" 1 @ 15		Rupees 3.94
" 1 @ —		Roubles —
" 1 @ 1.50		Mex. $1.50

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, July 5, 1918.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Shanghai Tugs (Ord) Tls. 22.50
Shanghai Docks Tls. 124.50
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 150.00 July

Unofficial

Ytsze Insurance Tls. 190.00
S.M.C. 7% Debs. 1918 Tls. 100.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 6.50
Shanghai Pahangs Tls. 1.25
Ytszepoo Cotton (Ord) Tls. 8.60
New Eng. Tls. 19.75 July
Shanghai Docks Tls. 127.50 Aug. 125.00 cash

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai, July 5, 1918.

BUSINESS DONE

Unofficial

Shanghai Lands 6% debs 1909 @ Tls. 91.00 cash

COTTON MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, July 1.—Today's Cotton prices were:

Good Middling Americans: 23.17d.
July: 23.50d.
October: 19.75d.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL

73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

British-America Assurance Co.

Telephone No. 98

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & CO.

Sungala Rubber Estate, Ltd. Meets

The third annual general meeting of the Sungala Rubber Estate, Ltd., was held yesterday afternoon at the rooms of the Royal Asiatic Society, Shanghai. There were present Messrs. C. Holliday, chairman, A. H. Mancell, Chang Nieh-yun, Chadwick T. Kew, directors; Mr. R. C. Philippo, secretary, and other shareholders. The attendance represented 31,555 shares.

The secretary having read the notice convening the meeting and the auditors' report, the chairman said:

"Gentlemen, The report and accounts for the year ended March 31 last having been in your hands for some days now, I will, with your permission, follow the custom prevalent at this port and take them as read.

"Your directors have again followed their former policy and have included in the printed report all they considered it was possible to say about last year's working, and so I am left with but little fresh to tell you now.

"Your directors are, of course, very sorry that they are unable to recommend a dividend on this occasion, but under existing circumstances they—and I am sure you will agree with them—consider it is impossible; and I would here mention that the amount of Tls. 5,000 recommended to be transferred to 'Profits reserved and invested in the estate' represents the actual amount paid out of profits in cash for the redemption of Tls. 5,000 worth of debentures.

"In connection with this matter generally the following may be of interest:

"1916—Cost of rubber laid down in Singapore Tls. 0:35.42 per lb.

Average selling price of all grades Tls. 0:91.70 per lb.

"1917—Cost of rubber laid down in Singapore Tls. 0:35.18 per lb.

Average selling price of all grades Tls. 0:69.31 per lb.

"1918—Cost of rubber laid down in Singapore Tls. 0:25.45 per lb.

Average selling price of all grades Tls. 0:42.17 per lb.

"Now I would like to turn to the auditor's certificate for a moment. In it you will find the following 'subject to provision being made for the item "Singapore Exchange Adjustment Tls. 7,210.60," which we have pointed out to the directors is valueless.' Now your directors are by no means prepared to admit the item is 'valueless,' for to do so would be to commit themselves to the opinion that exchange is never again going to be less than about 4s. 3⅛d. per tael; and I do not think any financial authority in, say London or New York, would venture to do that either. We do not believe that gold will continue indefinitely in its present depressed condition, and this belief we show by continuing to prefer paying interest on an overdraft here secured on the funds deposited in Singapore rather than bring up the money to Shanghai at present rates. As a matter of fact if exchange rose to only 7⅛ths by March 31 next, the whole of the balance of Exchange Adjustment Account would disappear, and there would be a trifle on the other side.

"As regards making provision for it as it stands, that is a different matter—the item is very much on all fours with a doubtful debt which you may recover in full—but again you may not—and if the company were paying its funds away in dividends it might be prudent to make the provision suggested before doing so; but as no dividend is being paid there does not seem any occasion to make a specific provision at the present, because doing so would in no way increase the real resources of the company. The matter will, of course, have to come up again for consideration when the 1918-1919 accounts are being prepared.

"The estimated output for the year is 130,000 lbs. and, so far—as you know—those in charge in the Straits have always been better than their word over this matter. The outputs this year have been:

April	8,252 lbs.
May	11,739 lbs.
June	9,419 lbs.
	29,410 lbs.

an average of 9,803 lbs. a month, or a total of 117,636 lbs. for the year, so that there is some leeway to make up at present.

"I have to call your attention to a small printer's error in the printed balance sheet. The amount on Fixed Deposit in Singapore is there given as $30,000.40—it should be $30,000.00.

"Before putting the first resolution to the meeting if there is any point any shareholder would like elucidated, I shall be glad to do what I can in that direction."

A Chinese shareholder suggested that the yearly report be translated into Chinese for the information of the Chinese shareholders. This was agreed upon.

The following resolutions were then passed:

That the report and statement of accounts as published be accepted and passed.—Proposed by Mr. C. Holliday, seconded by Dr. C. T. Kew.

That the appropriations of profits as recommended by the directors be adopted.—Proposed by Mr. C. Holliday, seconded by Mr. A. H. Mancell.

That the remuneration of the directors be taels 1,250, for the year ended March 31, 1918. Proposed by Mr. Woo Tsze-shea and seconded by Mr. Chin Tsz-fong.

That Mr. A. H. Mancell, the retiring director, be re-elected a director of the company.—Proposed by Mr. J. McKelvie seconded by Mr. O. A. Madar.

That Messrs. Mortimer, Reid and Slee be appointed auditors of the company for the ensuing year at a remuneration of taels 150.00. Proposed by Mr. O. A. Madar, seconded by Mr. Woo Tsze-shea.

Rubber Outputs

	May lbs.	June lbs.
Alma	32,000	32,000
Amherst	3,411	—
Anglo-Dutch	60,000	50,000
Anglo-Java	143,000	120,000
Ayer Tawah	24,827	28,018
Batu Anam	21,199	18,883
Bukit Toh Alang	10,282	10,128
Bute	14,343	14,780
Chempedak	10,000	10,300
Chemor	18,311	18,245
Cheng	16,622	15,745
Consolidated	51,292	50,253
Dominion	40,274	43,312
Gula Kalumpong	82,400	83,500
Shipped to London	149,995	—
Java Consolidated	63,000	58,000
Kamunting	18,418	20,019
Kapala	9,811	—
Kapayang	—	—
Karan	8,920	9,000
Kota Bahroe	37,454	38,591
Kroewoek	44,000	43,000
Langkat	—	78,915
Padang	23,000	25,500
Permata	6,335	—
Pengkalan	12,361	10,058
Repah	15,000	12,000
Samagaga	—	—
Semambu	12,411	14,407
See Kee	—	—
Senawang	30,942	32,535
Shanghai-Malay	—	—
Shanghai-Klebang	13,099	14,650
Shanghai-Kelantan	15,750	—
Shanghai-Seremban	10,607	11,021
Shanghai-Pahang	14,394	17,477
Shanghai-Sumatra	57,620	70,590
Sua Manggis	—	—
Sungala	11,739	9,419
Sungei	22,256	23,012
Taiping	12,550	—
Tanah Merah	31,500	34,600
Tebong	75,000	71,250
Ulobri	4,712	4,530
Ziangbe	69,000	61,000

Piece Goods Market

Messrs. Noel, Murray and Co. write as follows regarding the local market in their report for week ending July 4:

Local Market.—Although there is observable a welcome undercurrent of an encouraging nature, at the same time some contradictory features are reported; for instance, the re-selling of quite large parcels of Fancy Cloths, evidently bought on speculation, have been made by nervous holders at two-thirds of replacing values. Staples are undoubtedly stronger and clearances of cargo are of fair volume. Over the political arena a more or less pronounced lull has fallen, but there are undoubtedly active preparations going on, which may shortly disturb the transquillity once more.

Singapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, June 19 and 20.—Following were the prices realised at the Auction this week:

Sheet:	Singapore per picul.
Smoked Fine Ribbed	@ $80/73
Smoked Good Ribbed	" 74/60
Smoked Fine Plain	" 63
Smoked Good Plain	" 56
Unsmoked Fine Ribbed	" Nil
Unsmoked Good Ribbed	" Nil
Unsmoked Fine Plain	" 57
Unsmoked Good Plain	" 49
Crepe:	
Fine Pale Thin	" 78/72
Good Pale Thin	" 71/60
Good Pale Blanket	" 63
Good Brown Blanket	" Nil
Fine Brown	" 61/50
Good Brown	" 52/35
Good Dark	" 38/25
Barky	" 29/10
Scrap:	
Virgin and Pressed	" 30/14
Loose	" 16
Sheet: Cupwashing	" 40/38

Catalogued for:
Sale pcls. 19,697 (about 1,172 tons).
Sold pcls. 7,503 (about 447 tons).

On account of several buyers having received their American Import Licenses, our auction started yesterday morning with a fair demand for most grades, but the interest fell off somewhat during the day.

Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet received most attention and sold up to $80, one small lot obtaining even $81. As has been the case for the last three weeks, there were only few buyers of Fine Pale Crepe, and most lots of this grade had to be withdrawn for want of offers. In the morning only one lot was sold at $72, but in the afternoon a few lots found buyers at $77/78.

There was a fair demand for Good Ribbed Smoked Sheet at about last week's level, while Good Pale Crepe was easier by about $4/5.

Only a few lots of Plain Smoked Sheet and Plain Unsmoked Sheet changed hands at the auction.

Pallish and Fine Brown Crepes were wanted at an average decline of $5/6. Good Brown, Dark and Barky Crepes received slightly better attention and sold on an average at same prices as last week. Prices for Scrap were rather erratic.

At the continuation of the sale this morning the tendency was rather easier. Only a few picked lots of Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet reached $80, the average being about $76, while no offers were obtainable for Fine Pale Crepe. Other grades were slightly cheaper than yesterday.

(Meyer and Measor.)

Rubber Prices

Messrs. Meyer and Measor, Singapore, report that their auctions this week showed prices of 54 cts. to 51⅛ cts. per pound for Pale Crepe and 56 cts. and 50 cts. per pound for Smoked Sheet, the tendency of the market being steady.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$550
Chartered	£71
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$325 B.
North China	Tls. 125 B.
Union of Canton	$750 B.
Yangtsze	$190 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co. Ltd	Tls. 21½ B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$132 B.
Hongkong Fire	$320 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref	Tls. 136
Indo-China Def	
"Shell"	135/- B.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 23
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 39 S.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 10¼ B.
Oriental Cons	27s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80
Raub	$2.40 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$125 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 124 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 19½ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 71 B.
Hongkong Wharf	$85 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo French Land	
China Land	Tls. 70 B.
Shanghai Land	Tls. 50
Wellaiwei Land	Tls. 70½ B.
Shanghai Hotels Ltd	Tls 3
China Realty (ord)	$12 B.
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
	Tls. 50
Cottons Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 175 B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 128
Oriental	Tls. 52 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 145 B.
Kung Yik	Tls. 14½ B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 8.40 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	$82 B.
Green Island	$6.80 B.
Langkats	Tls. 15
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Zls. 65
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$14
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$80
Moutrie	$31
Watson	$5.10 B.
Weeks	$13½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 8⅛
Amherst	Tls. 0.27½ B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 24
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 0.70
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.70 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1.02½
Chempedak	Tls. 9
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls. 1.85 B.
Dominion	Tls. 5 B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 6.10
Java Consolidated	Tls. 16½
Kamunting	Tls. 5¾
Kapala	Tls. 0.50
Kapayang	Tls 27
Karan	Tls. 11
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 4 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 16
Padang	Tls. 11½
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 5
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 92½
Samagagas	Tls. 0.65 B.
Seekee	Tls. 6
Semambu	Tls. 1.05
Senawang	Tls. 6½ B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.70
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7
S'hai Malay-pref	Tls. 10.70
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1.05
Sungei Duri	Tls. 9
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.75
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.50 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.90
Tebong	Tls. 11½ B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 3½ B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 140 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10¼
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 64¼
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 21½ B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 76½ B.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 165

S., Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. 398

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Consolidated Rubber Estates Limited

The China Realty Co., Ltd. Secretaries and General Managers report that the output of dry rubber from the Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914) Ltd., for the month of June was 50,255 lbs.

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended July 3, 1918, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1918	1917
Gross Receipts	$32,778.76	$32,278.70
Loss by currency depreciation	7,344.59	7,237.65
Effective Receipts	25,234.17	25,041.05
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	24.30	23.69
Car Miles run	80,433	82,911
Passengers Carried	1,498,335	1,476,562

Week End Sports Calendar

This Afternoon

BASEBALL

Navy vs. Shanghai 2.30 o'clock

CRICKET

Cricket Club vs. Machine Gun Company, S.V.C. at Cricket Club.

Parsee Club vs. "A" Company, S.V.C. at Parsee Ground.

Police vs. Recreation Club at Police Field.

All matches start at 2.30 o'clock.

LAWN BOWLS

Scotland vs. Rest at Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club 4.00 o'clock.

Special Rink Competition at Shanghai Lawn Bows Club 4.00 o'clock.

POLO

War fund match at Polo Field 4.45 o'clock.

TENNIS

Final match in mixed doubles tournament at French Club 5.00 o'clock.

Tomorrow

BASEBALL

Red Sox vs. Blue Sox, Race Course 30 o'clock.

LAWN BOWLS

Shanghai Recreation Club vs. angtszepoo.

Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club vs. Junior Golf Club.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Custom's Jetty at 8 a.m.

Tuesday, July 9, 1918.

The tender Alexandra conveying passengers on board the R.M.S. Empress of Japan will leave the Custom's Jetty at 8.30 a.m.

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE "Always a good show"

TONIGHT

Gladys Hulette
Gladys Hulette
IN
"A Crooked Romance"
"A Crooked Romance"

It's your own fault if you miss this treat.

THINK OF IT !

Charming, delightful little GLADYS HULETTE in a wonderful comedy drama with a Barrielike touch of fantasy and a supporting cast including PAUL CLERGET, the greatest pantomime artist in the world and a star in his own right ! ! !

IT'S AN EVENT ! ! !

A Trip in Rural France — *Pathe's British Gazette*

"THE TIP"
"THE TIP" = A typical fun film from the basket of good things

MONDAY NEXT

D. W. Griffith's Greatest All Star Feature Film

"THE ESCAPE"
"THE ESCAPE"

Founded on the play of that name by Paul Armstrong.

" Unable to obtain work — She went to the Senator and found —

The Easy Way

WATCH FOR OUR BIG AD. ON SUNDAY

THE
OLYMPIC THEATRE
PRESENTS
FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY
July 6th, 7th and 8th
and
MATINEE on SUNDAY, 7th
THE MAGNIFICENT SPECTACULAR MASTERPIECE
"Mothers of Liberty"

Thousands of American homes are confronted today with the problem that underlies the story of "Mothers of Liberty." Hence the unusual interest that is being manifested this early in the screening of this picture. Although described as a big patriotic spectacle, "Mothers of Liberty" is a war drama only in the sense that the love story and military problem on which it is founded are based upon a development of the entry of the United States into the European war. The battle scenes incident to the recital, although majestic in their magnitude, are limited in number and flash by without giving the spectator the depressing sense of sitting through a war film.

Bright Lights ! Follow the Crowds to **"The Eldorado"** *Bright Music !*

" The Home of Refined Dancing ! "

Our First-class Entertainers !

Aldo-Pini Comical Duo

The Williamson Troupe

Change of Programme

TONIGHT

First-Class Floor ! Prof. MARTINEZ Orchestra " EVERYTHING No. 1 " *First-Class Service !*

Amusements

VERDUN GARDEN
474 Avenue Joffre 474

Musical Concert Every Afternoon at 5 p.m. by Foreign Orchestra

Open Air Cinema and Vaudeville

From 9 to 12 p.m.

TONIGHT TONIGHT

The Celebrated World's Entertainer

DARNOL

Artiste, Comique, Excentrique Francaise

Presenting New Attractions and Novelties

Continued Success of

LEO DE MORENO

Introducing New Songs

WHAT HAPPENED TO JONES ?

Amusing Comedy in 5 acts.

ST. GEORGE'S CINEMA
BUBBLING WELL

July 6th and 7th.

" MARY'S LAMB "

A Five Part Gold Rooster Comedy.

Also

Scenic and Comic Films

Commencing at 9.15 p.m.

VICTORIA THEATRE

NEW PROGRAMME

For July 6th, 7th and 8th

SHOWING

The Paramount Feature

"LITTLE LADY EILEEN"

Five Parts

and Other New Films

ISIS THEATRE

TONIGHT TONIGHT

Showing

The thrilling and intensely emotional Story

in 3 Parts

"The Stolen Heiress"

Exclusive to this theatre

Produced by

The Nordisk Film Co.

"THE WHEELS OF FATE"

This 2 part wonder play has plenty of strong incidents, with several surprises, and it is well set and acted.

"CHANGE IN BAGGAGE CHACHS"

Creaming comedy.

Special Matinee on Saturday at 4 p.m.

Matinee on Sunday at 3 p.m.

Showing

THE GREAT SECRET

Episodes 11, 12, 13 and 14.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

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Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital $21,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

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The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited,
The London County and Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 40,000,000.00
Reserves ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtse	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoote	
Hankou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais,

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Saigon and Hongkong

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local currency and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 19,500,000
$34,500,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Chairman
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq. Deputy Chairman.
F. C. Butcher, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
S. H. Dodwell, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Peking
Bangkok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Saigon
Calcutta	London	S. Francisco
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Colombo	Malacca	Singapore
Foochow	Manila	Sourabaya
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tsingtao
Iloilo		Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	65,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co,
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Iudustrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Harbin	Peking
Chanchun	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Newchwang	Tientsin
Dairen	Nicolayowsk	Vladivostock
Hailan	O/Amur	Yokohama
Hankow		

81 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE,
managers for China, Japan and India.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid) .....H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund .....H.$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund H.$ 40,000

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG.
Asst. Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .. $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital 12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund $1,398,553.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,896,923.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum, on Dollar Current Accounts at 1 per cent. per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN CHANG,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital ... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt,) and Rotterdam

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Annoyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama, Japan.

Capital Subscribed . Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up ... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 23,100,000

London Bankers:
The London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England Ltd
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay	London	S. Francisco
Buenos Ayres	Los Angeles	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Dalny	Mukden	Singapore
Hankow	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Harbin	Newchwang	Sydney
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Honolulu	Osaka	Tokio
Kaiyuen	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kobe	Rangoon	Tsingtau

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

3 Worthy Causes

WAR LOANS
RED CROSS
Y. M. C. A.

Shanghai has done her part for th first two —

NOW GIVE TO THE Y.M.C.A.

Space donated by The Shanghai Commercial and Saving Bank, Ltd.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus U.S. $6,500,000.00
Undivided Profits U.S. $1,348,000.00
U.S. $7,848,000.00

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office,
26 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:

Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	London	Santo Domingo
Calcutta	Manila	Santiago de los
Canton	Medellin	Caballeros
Cebu	Panama	Shanghai
Colon	Peking	Singapore
(Cristobal C.Z.)		Tientsin
Hongkong	San Pedro de	
Hankow	Macoris	Yokohama

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at:—

Bahia	Petrograd
Buenos Aires	Rio de Janeiro
Caracas,	Santiago de Cuba
Genoa	Santos
Habana	San Paulo
Moscow, Russia	Valparaiso
Montevideo	

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND.
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherland Trading Society.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 11,595,461, (about £966,288)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tebing-Tinggi
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tegal
Djember	Penang	Telok-Betong
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Tjilatjap
Hongkong	Rangoon	Weltevreden
Kota-Radja	Semarang	
Langsa	Singapore	
Makassar	Soerabaya	
Medan		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.
manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

W. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital $1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Fund 650,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG,
Manager.
26 The Bund.
9753

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.
Paid-Up
Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE PEKING.
50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager
Support the Y.M.C.A. Campaign
It's for better manhood.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
N. 1 Kiukiang Road

Capital ..... Yen 80,000,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA

Branches:
Important places in Japan

London, New York, San Francisco, seattle, Honolulu, Bombay and Hankow.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. Kasahara,
Manager.

Telephones:—
2318 Manager. 4663 Compradore.
2350 Gen. Office. 4621 Nights only.
3536 General Office.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(formerly known as The Chekiang Shing Nih Chartered Bank, Ltd.)

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 266,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai.
14, Peking Road.
(Telephone Nos. 2613 and 2614.)

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Savings Account at 4% per annum.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager,
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager
H. H. Yang, Sub-Manager

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1918

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Antung	Fengtien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Tsingtao, Manchuria & Dalny	Kobe maru	7.00	..	..	..	..	6.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	..	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow and Hongkong	..	..	12.00	..	..	..	..
Peking and Tsin (Every day	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Tsin (Daily except Sunday)		..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Ningpo		..	16.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Wingsang	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Monday, July 8.							
Hongkong			17.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow	Yingchow	10.00	9.30	..	..	..	9.30
Hongkong, S. Ports, Australia, Straits, C'lon, India & Eope		16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Hongkong and Canton		16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Hongkong and Canton	Sinkiang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Tuesday, July 9.							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Tunrchow	11.30	10.30	..	..	..	10.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Koonshing	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Amoy and Hongkong	..	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow	Tamsui	10.00	9.30	..	..	..	9.30
H'kong, S'apore C'mbo, India, Egypt & U. Kingdom v. Suez		..	A8.00	..	..	..	..
Wednesday, July 10.							
Moji	Kumano maru	..	..			F11.00	10.30
Japan ports	Kumano maru	10.30	9.30	..	..	..	9.30
Thursday, July 11.							
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe via Canada or U S A.			17.00				17.00

A Registration and parcel post 5 p.m. on previous day.
F Letters and boxes with declared value 10.30 a.m. Parcel post and money orders 10 a.m.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. and 9 p.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and 8.30 p.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 3 p.m. Registration at 5 p.m. at the Russian Post Office.

Passengers Departed

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima Maru for Japan:—Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Gadsden, Mrs. Jowett and 2 children, Mr. E. W. Fraser, Master Ramsay, Mr. M. E. Remedios, Mr. Shepard, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Billings, Messrs. Craggs, Irvine, Billings and 4 children, F. D. Goddard, Mr. and Mrs. Sarvis and 3 children and Mr. S. Nishizawa.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N s.s. Wuchang from Hankow: Mr. J. C. Sandy.
Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo: Mr. and Mrs. A. Bookless and child, Misses Crissy and child and H. N. Smith, Messrs. Shipard, G. Bindes and D. S. Woo.
Per C. s.s. Yingchow from Hongkong: Mrs. A. Wilkinson.
Per C. N. s.s. Wenchow from Swatow: Miss Egle.

行 業 中
CHUNG FOO UNION BANK

(Established in 1917)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916
Head office: Tientsin
Subscribed Capital $2,000,000
Paid-up Capital $1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Tsingkianpu	

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London, International Banking Corporation.
New York, International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco, International Banking Corporation.
Tokyo, Bank of Chosen.
Kobe, Bank of Chosen.
Osaka, Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama, Bank of Taiwan.
and also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
8.441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. Sun, Manager.
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.
Telephone No. 2618 General Office.
Telephone No. 1929 Manager's Office.

MITSUI BANK, LTD

SHANGHAI BRANCH
3 Foochow Road

Capital (Paid-up)..... Yen 20,000,000.
Reserve..... " 12,550,000.
Head Office: Tokyo, Japan.
President: Baron Takayasu Mitsui.

Branches:
Osaka, Nishi (Osaka), Kobe, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Moji, Fukuoka, Shimonoseki, Hiroshima, Kyoto, Nagoya, Fukagawa (Tokyo), Otaru.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Barclays Bank, Ltd. The London City and Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: The National City Bank of New York. The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business Transacted.

S. KUNIJOH, Manager.

Local Outports Mail

Permanent Notice

Destination	Mails Close Daily.
Shanghai-Nanking Train	a.m. p.m.
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, Nanking, Hankow and North China.	7.00
Soochow, Wusih, Chinkiang, Nanking and all intermediate places	8.00 9.00
Nanking all River Ports	11.30
Soochow, Wuish, Changchow, Chinkiang,	
Soochow, Wusih and intermediate plac s ...	3.30
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow and intermediate places	4.20
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Chinkiang, Nanking and all River Ports North China ..	9.00
Shanghai-Hangchow Train	
Sinchwang, (and Szeking), Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing, Wangtien, Siashih, (and Tunghianghsien), Changan. (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping, (and Tangsi), and Hangchow (also Huchow)	6.30 3.00
Sinchwang, Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing, (& Tangsi), Siashih, (and Tunghianghsien), Changan, Huchow, Nanzin and (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping and Hangchow (also Shaohing and Siaoshan)	1.30
Sungkfang, Kashing, Hangchow and intermediate places ...	3.30
Ningpo via Hangchow Linghu	11.00
Minhang, Nankiao and Tukiahang	3.00 11.00
Tatwan, Nanhwei, Fengsien and Sinchang ..	7.00 11.00
Courier.	
Chowpu	6.30 11.00
Foot Boat.	
Chwansha	6.45 11.00
Cycle Rider	
Siccawei and Taipao ..	8.00 10.00
	2.00 4.00 6.00
Kiangnan Arsenal	8.00 11.00
	2.00 4.00
Sundays only	1.30
Wooung Train.	Close Daily.
Woosung (also Paoshan and Kiangwan)	5.05 7.00 10.10 11.45
	2.10 5.00 6.30
Steamer.	Daily. Sundays expected
Ningpo, Chinhai, Tinghai and Wenchow ..	3.30
Steam Launch.	Close Daily. a.m. p.m.
Tsungming, Paochen, Haimenting and Miaochen	7.00 11.00
Chuking and Pinghu ..	8.00

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July 19	—	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	Alexander
July 20	—	Vancouver	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
July 20	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M. S.S. Co.
July 27	—	Tacoma & Seattle	Manila Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
July 29	—	Seattle, etc.	Katori Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 31	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C. P. R.
Aug. 15	—	Vancouver	Key West	Br.	C.P.R.
Aug. 15	—	Tacoma and Seattle	Attai Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Aug. 17	—	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 19	—	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Sept. 14	—	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
Oct. 5	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.R.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

July 6	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 10	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 12	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Tategami Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 13	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 13	—	Kobe	Sado Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 17	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Chikuzen Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 19	—	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 19	—	Nagasaki	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
July 23	—	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

	—	Marseilles	Shokwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
	—	Port Said	Esan Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 8	—	London, etc.	Kamakura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
	—	Liverpool, etc.	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

July 6	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 7	10.00*	S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Wingsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July 8	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 8	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.
July 8	11.00*	Swatow	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
July 9	—	Hongkong	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
July 9	11.00*	Swatow	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
July 9	D.L.	H'kong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
July 11	D.L.	Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
July 16	—	Hongkong	Chicago Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
July 16	—	F'chow, K'lung, Takao	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
July 18	—	Hongkong	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.R.
July 20	—	Hongkong	Key West	Br.	C.P.R.
July 23	—	Hongkong and Manila	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 28	—	H'kong & Singapore	Mexico Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
July 27	—	Hongkong and Manila	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

July 6	—	Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July 6	9.00	Dalren	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
July 6	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo & Antung	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
July 6	8.00*	Newchwang	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
July 9	noon	W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Koonshing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July 9	noon	W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
July 9	noon	Tsingtao & Dalren	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
July 10	—	Tsingtao	Noto Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
July 15	—	T'tsin, Dalren, T'tao	Keelung Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
July 19	—	Vladivostock	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.

FOR RIVER PORTS

July 6	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
July 6	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
July 7	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 8	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
July 9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
July 9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July 9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
July 10	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
July 12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 25	—	Hongkong	Antilochus		
June 11	—	Manila	Bussie Dollar		
June 15	—		Capto		
June 15	—	Japan	Chiyodo Maru	Jap.	
June 15	—	Ningpo	Chinchong	Chi.	San Peh S.N.
July 4	—	Chinwangtao	Esang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July 4	—	Chefoo	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
June 13	—	Chinwangtao	Fukuken Maru	Jap.	
June 29	—	Chefoo	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June 11	—	Hankow	Hanping	Chi.	N.Y.P. Iron
June 19	—	Tsingtao	Hokushin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
July 3	—	Chefoo	Hsintah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
June 25	—		Iosco		
June 10	—		Jun Maru	Jap.	
June 10	—	N. S. Island	Kurama Maru	Jap.	
June 15	—		Kaio Maru	Jap.	
June 17	—	Dalny	Koun Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
June 26	—	Chinwangtao	Koyo Maru	Jap.	
July 3	—	Japan	Katori Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 4	—	Japan	Kanju Maru	Jap.	
June 28	—	Japan	Kanagawa Maru	Jap.	
June 29	—	Hankow	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
June 27	—	Japan	Nissho Maru		
July 2	—	Newchwang	Nagata Maru	Jap.	
July 4	—	Japan	Nagasaki Maru	Jap.	
June 15	—		Shyoei Maru	Jap.	
June 25	—	Japan	Santien Maru	Jap.	
June 28	—	Hankow	Siangyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
July 4	—	Japan	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 11	—	Dalny	Taiten Maru	Jap.	
June 15	—	Japan	Tategama Maru	Jap.	
June 22	—	Japan	Tategami Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 22	—	Swatow	Taisang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June 27	—	Hongkon	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	Alexander
June 27	—	Chefoo	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 4	—	Singapore	Vondel		
June 11	—	Chinwangtao	Yeiko Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang, Captain Pickard, will leave on Saturday, July 6, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer Fengyang Maru Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from N. Y. K. Mail wharf on Saturday, July 6, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangtung, Capt. W. McIllwain, will leave on Sunday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S. N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Luenyi Capt. Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, July 9, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungting Capt. R. A. Watt, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, July 8 at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Kiangwo, tons 2174 Capt. Bennett, will leave on Tuesday, July 9, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers Passengers Tel. No. 240, Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, July 10, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.**

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Hsin Peking, Captain A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on Monday, July 8, at 4.30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Yingchow Capt. R. J. Cain, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, July 8, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tamsui Capt. J. S. Dewolf, will leave on Monday, July 9, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Sinkiang, Capt. H. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, July 9, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Chicago Maru, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on July 16, at ———— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs jetty at ———— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG & SINGAPORE.—The Str. Mexico Maru Capt. K. Komiya, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on Aug. 28, at ———— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs jetty at ———— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaish,a, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The Str. Hsinming, Capt. H. Mackenion, will leave on Saturday, morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Fengtien, Capt. Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, July 6, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Wenchow, Capt. A. McDowell, will leave on Saturday, July 6, at 8 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agents Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungchow, Captain Bennett will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, July 9, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The Str. Noto Maru Capt. K. Miya, will be despatched on July 10. For Freight, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4. The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TAKOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B.C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. Manila Maru Capt. N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on July 27. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular to Invoices must accompany to U.S. A. shipment. The steam-launch Conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ———— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING KOBE, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. Altai Maru Capt. ———— will be despatched on August 15. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U. S. A. For Freight, Please apply to The O. S. K., No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.
Kaga Maru .....May 31
Hirano Maru .....June 25
Yokohama Maru .....June 18
Tamba Maru .....July 5
For Liverpool
Shidzuoka Maru .....May 10
For San Francisco
Korea Maru .....June 6
Siberia Maru .....June 13
Colombia .....June 22
China .....June 24
Tenyo Maru .....June 27
Vondel .....July 4
For Seattle
Suwa Maru .....May 19
Fushimi Maru .....June 16
Kashima Maru .....June 30
For Tacoma:
Arabia Maru .....June 12
Africa Maru .....June 17
For Marseilles
Saigon Maru .....July 1

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Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.
For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG, and CANTON S.S.—Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Sungkiang and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with services to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.
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For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
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The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.
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S.S. COLUSA	Oct. 10	S.S. SANTA CRUZ	Sept. 25

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			arr.	leave.
For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.				
"MANILA MARU"	(18,000 tons)	Capt. N. Kobayashi,	July 26,	July 27
"ALTAI MARU"	...(15,000 tons)	Capt. ———	Aug. 13,	Aug. 15
For Hongkong				
"CHICAGO MARU"	(12,000 tons)	Capt. T. Saito,	July 15,	July 16
For Hongkong and Singapore				
"MEXICO MARU"	(12,000 tons)	Capt. K. Miya,	Aug. 27,	Aug. 28
CHINA COASTING LINE				
For Tsingtau				
"NOTO MARU"	... (1,300 tons)	Capt. ———		July 7. July 9
For Tsingtau, Tientsin and Dairen				
"KEELUNG MARU"	(1,569 tons)	Capt. S. Imai,	July 13,	July 15
For Foochow, Keelung (Formosa) and Takao				
"KOHOKU MARU"	(2,610 tons)	Capt. S. Ohba,	July 14,	July 16

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Monteagle *	July 31	Monteagle	July 18
Key West †	Aug. 15	Key West †	July 29
Empress of Japan	Sept. 14	Empress of Japan	Sept. 2
Monteagle	Oct. 5	Monteagle	Sept. 21

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L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
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SHINYO MARU	22,000 tons for San Francisco,	July 19, 1918
KOREA MARU	20,000 tons for San Francisco,	Aug. 16, 1918
SIBERIA MARU	18,000 tons for San Francisco,	Aug. 30, 1918
TENYO MARU	22,000 tons or San Francisco,	Sept. 9, 1918
SHINYO MARU	22,000 tons for San Francisco,	Oct. 5, 1918

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

KOREA MARU	20,000 tons for Hongkong,	Aug. 2, 1918
SIBERIA MARU	18,000 tons for Hongkong,	Aug. 10, 1918

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Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Man	Commander
ODW	Aug. 18	Hankow	D de Lagree	Fr g-b:				
	June 9		Gnat	Br g-b.				
SD	June 1	Cruise	Monocacy	Am g-b.	190			McFester
WTW	Oct. 27	Y'tze	Nightingale	Br. g-b.				
OD	May 29	Cruise	Palos	Am g-b.	190	2	48	H. Delano
	June 11	Cruise	Teal	Br. g-b.				
SD	May 13	Cruise	Toba	Jap. g-b.				
YTPDW	May 10	Curise	Woodlark	Br g-b	150	6	35	

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KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	July 29
SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	Aug. 19

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

KATSUGAMI MARU	4,500	Capt. N. Tsuruhashi.	July 12
YAMASHIRO MARU ..	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	July 19
CHIKUGO MARU	8,000	Capt. K. Solda,	July 23

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	July 10
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	July 13
CHIKUZEN MARU ...	5,500	Capt. N. Nojiri,	July 17
SAKESHIMA MARU ...	4,500	Capt. A. Nakamata,	July 20

FOR JAPAN

SADO MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Shinohe,	July 13

KOBE TO SEATTLE

ATSUTA MARU		Capt. K. Inatsu,	July 12

FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	———	Sept. 3
KATORI MARU	19,000	———	Oct. 2

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000	———	July 23
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	———	Aug. 19

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TANGO MARU	14,000	———	Sept. 18

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Large Display Advertisements

ntended for the Sunday issue of The China Press

should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

Peking Day By Day

The Consortium And China

The Peking correspondent of the Peking and Tientsin Times is informed that the telegraphic report stating that the Consortium Banks had decided to hand over ten million dollars to China is not true. No decision has yet been reached and a reply is awaited from the home authorities. As far as can be gathered, there is certain opposition to this amount of money being handed over. This opposition is due to the fact that it is not considered wise to hand over to China money which she will only use to carry on military operations. If this money in handed over it will be in the form of the third advance of the Reorganisation Loan, thus making the advances up to date about thirty million dollars.

Enemy Subjects In China

Owing to various reasons the deportation of enemy subjects by China has not been carried out by the Government. Now it is reported that measures to be adopted regarding this question have already been decided upon by the authorities. The enemy subjects will not be deported, but the Chinese Government will hold specially appointed officials responsible for watching over them strictly in order that they may have no opportunity to misbehave themselves. The measures will soon be enforced.

July 12.

Elaborate preparations are being made by the Ministry of Interior for the celebration of July 12, in commemoration of the restoration of the Republic. A program similar to that observed on other national holidays is being arranged by the Ministry. Triumphal arches with electric light illuminations will be erected at the Chunghua Men. The police will issue orders to the shops to fly the national flag on that day.

In a notification to the different Government organs, the Secretariat of the Cabinet has announced that all Government offices and schools shall be closed on that day.

Premier's New Plans

It is stated that Premier Tuan has decided upon four plans for preserving the foundation of the country since the northern leaders have all agreed to resume hostilities with the South. The plans are: (1) Fighting should be continued and the greatest attention should be paid to diplomatic questions; (2) Parliament should be convocated at an early date and the financial stringency remedied; (3) the policy of the administration should be carefully defined; (4) the peace negotiation between the North and the South should be carried on with great caution.

More Northern Troops For The South

The Government has decided to send one regiment of the 5th Mixed Brigade now stationed at Nanyuan to relieve Fukien. These troops are to be sent to the South in four trains by the Tsin-Pu Railway. The first detachment will be commanded by General Wei Chung-han, Commander of the newly organised 9th Division, who left Peking for the South on June 27. Some more Fengtien troops are also making preparations to leave for the South.

Restrictions Governing Recruiting

A number of commanders at the front have lately asked permission from the Central Government to recruit more troops under various pretexts. In order to put a stop to this practice and restrict recruiting as far as possible, Premier Tuan Chi-jui has instructed the Office of the Ministry of War and General Staff to draft a series of regulations regarding the matter. The draft regulations are:—(1) Permission for recruiting may be granted but the new recruits shall not exceed the number of vacancies in any army organisation; (2) no army organisation shall be enlarged without the sanction of the Central Government; (3) reorganisation of troops may be sanctioned in case the number of soldiers is not increased.

The Chientao-Tientu Light Railway

The Chientao-Tientu railway was designed by the Ta Hsing Company of Manchuria and Mongolia some time ago. The question has been left unnoticed for some time. Now the company is trying its utmost to persuade the Central Government to construct the line promptly, as the Ki-Hwei railway loan has been concluded. It is a branch of the Ki-Hwei railway reaching directly to the silver mines in the Tien-Pao Hill. The company has already appointed agents to the metropolis to secure the support of the President and the Cabinet and appointed another agent to Chien-Tao to make preparations for the construction.

The Presidential Election

"The election of the Members of the new Parliament has been successfully carried out," says the Kungyen Pao, "and the next thing which is attracting the attention of the public is the election of the next President. The vernacular press has been trying to influnce public opinion, and is full of comments on the problem. One of the most dangerous things is that the military people want to have a say in the matter, forgetting that their sole duty is to obey the orders of the Government instead of meddling with politics. It is unnecessary to state that if they should express their opinions and try to interfere in the matter, the consequences will be most serious, because should any partly among them fail to get what it desires, it will resort of armed force to seek a solution, thus bringing the nation to the verge of destruction.

It is earnestly to be hoped that the military people will remain silent, leaving the Parliament to elect the person it thinks fit to be the Chief Executive of the nation. Should the members of the new Parliament try to perform their duties in accordance with the dictates of their own conscience and public opinion, we have no doubt that the next President will be a man who will be able to save the nation from the present chaotic situation. The trouble is that a certain political party has never ceased from plotting and intriguing, disregarding the interests of the country while advancing its own individual interests. If a candidate, whose ability and experience may be universally acknowledged by the people, should be put up by others, it will strenuously oppose him simply because he has been nominated by others. There will never be peace in the country if this party should continue to act in this way in connection with the coming Presidential Election.

Moscow Trio's Concert

In a setting appropriately beautiful, the Moscow Trio gave its postponed concert last night at the Verdun Gardens. The Trio, which has already established its position among the best musical artists who have been heard in Shanghai, had the additional attraction last night of a superlative program.

There was the splendid funeral march of Chopin, the Tschaikowsky opus for trios and the two "Butterfly" compositions of Saint-Saens and Gliere.

With the added incentive of the concert's being given for Allied Red Cross funds and under the patronage of the French Consul-General, there was a good audience to hear the concert. But its enthusiasm outran its numbers, an enthusiasm that the Moscow Trio amply deserves.

Arrivals

Arrived		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July	5	— Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July	5	— Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.
July	5	— Swatow	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
July	5	—	Shiuten Maru	Jap.	
July	5	— Dalny	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
July	5	— Hongkong	Wingsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July	5	— Hankow	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	5	— Hankow	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
July	5	— Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

Departures

Date		For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July	5	10.00*Wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
July	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
July	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
July	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Changon	Br.	H.O. S.S. Co
July	5	— Japan	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	5	— Japan	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	5	— Japan	Jinyo Maru		
July	5	— Tientsin	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July	5	— Hankow	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July	5	— Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July	5	— Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.

Provision Prices in Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkew market as compiled on July 2, 1918.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-30
Mutton	"	16-20
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	none
Cod	"	12-14
Mandarin	"	30-40
Mackerel	"	12-14
Pomfret	"	12-14
Salmon	"	18-20
Samli	"	40-50
Soles	"	12-14
Whitebait	"	20-25
Game, Poultry and Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	"	60-90
Eggs	per doz.	15-17
Fowl	per lb.	20-25
Geese	each	70-$1
Hare	"	none
Partridge	"	none
Pheasant	"	none
Pigeons	"	15-18
Plover	"	none
Quail	each	none
Snipe	"	none
Turkey	per lb.	35-40
Teal	each	none
Wild Duck	"	none
Wild Pigeons	"	none
Woodcock	"	none
Wild Geese	"	none
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	8-10
Apples	"	none
Bananas	"	8-10
Cherries	"	none
Cocoanuts	each	15-18
Chestnuts	per lb.	none
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	8-10
Lichees	per lb.	15-18
Mangoes	each	none
Mangosteens	per doz.	40-60
Melons	each	2-4
Oranges	per lb.	none
Peaches	"	6-10
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	per lb.	10-12
Plums	"	6-8
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	"	12-14
Pears	per lb.	none
Strawberries	"	none
Walnuts	"	10-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	5-6
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
French Beans	per lb.	6-8
Broad Beans	"	3-3
Beetroot	per bunch	3-3
Mamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-4
Carrots	"	2-3
Cauliflower	each	none
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Egg Plant	per lb.	5-6
Green Corn	each	1-2
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	per lb.	2-3
Parsnips	per bunch	2-3
Potatoes	per pic.	$1.40-$1.60
Peas	per lb.	8-10
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	2-3
Tomatoes	"	16-18
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain and Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	$5.50
Flour Australian	"	$4.30
Flour Shanghai	"	$2.50
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.20
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fodder		
Barley	per lbs.	$2.65
Bran	"	1.80
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton Tls.	19.50
Stove Coal	per ton Tls.	21.75
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

F. J. W. Melville, Chief Inspector.

Mark And Kronen Drop Even Further

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, July 2.—According to a telegram from Berne, the value of the mark and kronen have seriously fallen during the last few days on the Swiss markets. At the end of March, 1918, 100 marks was quoted at 85 francs; at the end of May at 77 francs, and at the end of June at 66 francs. At the end of March, 1918, 100 kronen was quoted at 55 francs; at the end of May 48 francs, and at the end of June 38 francs.

PARIS OBSERVES JULY 4

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, July 2.—The Chamber of Deputies yesterday decided to celebrate the national festival of the United States, July 4.

M. Franklin Bouillon, supporting this resolution, said that the union of the two nations must survive the war.

General Pershing sent a telegram saying, "This proof of the friendship of France stimulates our desire to fight side by side with France until the complete restoration of liberty in the world."

CATTARO RAIDED AGAIN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, July 3.—The Admiralty announces:

Five British aeroplanes on the 1st dropped a ton of bombs on the enemy base at Cattaro. A ship near the submarine base was set on fire and one bomb fell in the middle of the submarine quarter. All the British machines returned safely.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ — Midnight, 13³⁰ — 1³⁰ p.m.

July 1st, 19'7 and until further notice

Mail 101	Mail 3.	Luxe 1.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2.	Mail 4.	Mail 102.
B. s.	B. s.	B. S.			B. S.	B.	B. s.
2028	838	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2200	1980	1080
2345	1112	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1908	1700	720
2350	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1900	1658	710
000	1128	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1900	1645	700
1910	500	2330	524	arr. Mukden dep.	200	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4.	Local 6.
	B. s.					B. s.	
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1612
735	1150	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	—	1675	1602
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1641	1541
1133	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	1221
1457	1748	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	939
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	806	641
7.	:	—	220	:	—	:	8.
8 0	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	754	1512
1019	2231	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	018	—	318	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	340	1311
1315	018	—		dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	329	1234
1558	316	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	129	1032
1816	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2330	816
9.	:	4.	420	:	—	:	0.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2017
1156	823	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1958	1423
1248	850	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1944	1412
1637	1132	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	928
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	738

Express 16	Express 10.	Shanghai-Nanking Line	Express 1.	Express 15.
B. S.	B.		a.	B. S.
.	1420	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	1418	.
2300	1420	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	1415	630
700	2120	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	736	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line						Lincheng-Tsochoung Branch Line					
930	1340	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	600	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1002	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	532	1128	1858	638	1219	1908	a. Tsochoung d.	708	1300	1958

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

3⁰⁰ — train runs on Thursday only. 2³⁰ — train runs on Fridays only.

| 3⁰⁰ — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

5 — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. 8 — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, July 1917.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Local	Express R.	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.	STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R.	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI									PEKING dep.						8.35		
NORTH dep.	..	7.55	8.10	9.40	12.45	16.25	17.15	23.00	TIENTSIN arr.	..	..	..	..	..	11.40		..
SOOCHOW dep.	..	9 41	11.22	12.20	14.55	18 15	19 23	1.08	CENTRAL dep.	..	..	..	..	..	12.00		..
WUSIH dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20 21	2.10									
CHANGCHOW dep.	6.50	11.22	13.16	15.08	16.48	..	21.23	5.10	TSINANFU dep.	..	..	..	..	..	20 27		
TANYANG dep.	8.05	12.09	14.11	16.16	17 41	..	..	..	PUKOW arr.	..	..	..	..	..	22.56		..
CHINKIANG dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17 17	18 22	..	..	5.06									
NANKING arr.	11.19	*14 15	16.30	19.25	19.50	..	..	6.50									
									NANKING dep.	..	..	7.20	8.00	11.45	*14.20	16.35	23.00
									CHINKIANG dep.	..	..	9.00	10.10	13.30	16.05	18.16	1.08
									TANYANG dep.	..	..	9.26	10.50	14 12	16.41	19.05	..
PUKOW dep.	..	15.20		..	..	..	..	..	CHANGCHOW dep.	7.20	..	10.34	12.18	15.06	17.59	20.20	3.56
TSINANFU dep.	..	8.18		..	..	..	..	..	WUSIH dep.	8.15	7.30	11.28	13.26	16.00	18.29	..	4.11
TIENTSIN arr	..	16 20		..	..	..	..	..	SOOCHOW dep.	9.35	8.08	12.22	14.54	17.01	19.21	..	5.12
CENTRAL dep	..	16 05		..	..	..	..	..	SHANGHAI								
PEKING arr.	..	19.50		..	..	..	..	..	NORTH arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.20	19 00	21.00	..	1.00

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS ..dep.	6.10	7.30	10.05	12.35	14.00	15.30	17.30	19 10	22.45	SHANGHAI NORTH..dep.	6.10	7.30	10.05	12.35	14.00	15.30	17.30	19 10	22.45
KIANGWAN dep	7.17	8.27	11.17	13.42	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.21	21.57	KIANGWAN dep	6.21	7.41	10.16	12.56	14.11	15.41	17.41	19 21	23.08
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.25	8.45	11.25	13.50	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.05	WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.45	8.05	10.40	13.00	14.35	16.05	18.05	19 45	21.50

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Goods & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local	STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Goods and Goods	Express R	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10 00	....	14.50	15.50	...	Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9 20	14 10	15.30
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....	Hangchow dep.	....	....	7 00	8 30	....	10 00	14.35	16.05
Succawei dep.	....	7.58	9.23	0.28	....	15 13	16.13	....	Changan dep.	...	....	8.04	9 48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9 40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....	Yeizah dep.	....	....	8.41	10 31	....	12 39	15.51	18.40
									Kashing dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16 30	19.30
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*	Kashai dep.	....	7 48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*	Sunghiang dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Sunghiang dep.	....	8.59	10.45	12 02	....	16 07	17 42	....	*Lunghwa Junction dep.*	*8.18*	*10.33*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	...
Kashai dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13 24	....	16.53	18 49	....	*Shanghai South arr.*	*8.35*	*10.50*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Kashing dep.	7 40	10.25	12 30	14.35	....	17 22	19.20	....									
Yeizah dep.	8.45	11.05	13 15	15 00	....	17.53	....	....	Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	10 30	11.35	14.05	....	17 18	18.20	....
Changan dep.	9.45	11.4	14 00	6 50	....	18 24	....	....	Succawei dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17 28	18.29	....
Hangchow dep.	11.10	12 50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....	Jessfield dep	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17 37	18.36	....
Zahkou arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....	Shanghai North arr	....	11.00	12.06	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	....	10.10	12.25	...	17.20	....	
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15	
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27	
Zahkou.....	arr.	....	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40	

R. Restaurant Car.

Business and Official Notices

Special Notice To Mariners
No. 513.

China Sea.

Shanghai District.

Yangtsze River—North Channel Entrance.

Drinkwater Point Light-vessel to be moved.

NOTICE is hereby given that on or about the 17th July, 1918, the Drinkwater Point Light-vessel, moored in the North Channel Entrance to the Yangtsze River, will be moved about 2 miles N. 75° W., magnetic, from its present position.

This alteration, when effected, will place the Drinkwater Light-vessel in the middle of the Fairway.

T. J. Eldridge,
Acting Coast Inspector.

Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 5th July, 1918.
18615

St. George's Cinema
Bubbling-Well.

Tonight 6th July, 1918.

A Repeat Exhibition of the

British Official War Films

Comprising
British Naval Air Fighters,
Campaign in Mesopotamia,
Troops in Palestine,
etc., etc., etc.

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S

Admission:
Boxes $12.00
Reserved Seats 1.50
Unreserved 1.00

Commencing at 9.15 p.m.
18584

Work is the inevitable condition of human welfare.

EXPERTS IN SKINS AND BRISTLES.

TERMS—Cash in advance.

You pay for samples and telegrams.

We quote cif Shanghai prices.

WIDLER & CO.
Chungking, West China.
Born 1915—Still Existing.

AMERICAN
APPLE CIDER
APPLE CIDER
APPLE CIDER
SWEET
PURE
&
WHOLESOME

For Sale by All Clubs, Hotels and Stores,
Connell Bros. Company,
Agents, Shanghai and Hongkong.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 4 Canton Road

The Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration
Notification No. 280.

INVITATION OF TENDERS
(090/5)

Tenders which will be opened at 3 p.m. on the 10th day of September, 1918, are hereby invited for the supply of 12,200 Charcoal Iron Boiler Tubes for Locomotives. Tender forms attached with drawing and full particulars may be obtained on payment of a sum of $5.00.

(sd.) S. C. SHU,
Managing Director.

Tientsin, June 27th, 1918.
18569

BECOME A PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANT
Become an EXPERT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT or prepare for C. P. A. Examination, and earn big income. Most promising profession of the present day, and the demand for high grade men is keen. Mail instruction in Accounting, Auditing, Business Law, Engineering, Contracting and Building, etc. Satisfaction assured—highest indorsements of successful students. Send for FREE catalogue TODAY.

American School of Correspondence,
Dept. 21, 34 Nanking Road, Shanghai

Star Ricksha Company

The public are hereby notified that the above Company is no longer connected with the Star Garage Company and is under an entirely different management.

A. COHEN,
Proprietor,
Star Ricksha Company.

Shanghai, July 1st, 1918.
18578

The Bukit Toh Alang Rubber Estates, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of the above named Company will be held at the Head Office, No. 71 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, on Monday the 8th day of July at 4 p.m. for presentation of the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1918.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 4th to Monday, 8th July, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
HUGO REISS & CO.,
Secretaries & General Managers.

Shanghai, 29th June, 1918.
18551

THE CATHAY LACE CO.
19 Nanking Road, Shanghai

The Chief Manufacturers and Exporters of Hand-made Laces, Embroideries, Etc.

Big Stock of FILET LACES for WHOLESALE

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BILL SMITH
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FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS ALWAYS USE REYNELL'S HIRANO WATER

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Garner, Quelch & Co.
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Wholesale Hardware Merchants, Building Contractors—Engineers' Supplies.
A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI.

Alcohol Fans, Spring Hinges and Green Wire Cloth.
17997

Star Garage Company

NOTICE

The undersigned, having sold the above Garage to Captain James Edwin Inch, is no longer responsible for any debts or liabilities incurred by it from and after this date.

All past creditors of the Star Garage Company are requested to present their accounts to the undersigned, for payment on or before the 15th of July, 1918, after which date the books will be closed.

A. COHEN.

Shanghai, July 1st, 1918.
18579

Dr. James Yuking
Men's Diseases only
Hours: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Y.282 North Szechuen Road
Special rates to men in uniform.

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15 years' experience in U.S.A.
Prof. I. K. SETO,
Tel. N. 2768. 25 North Szechuen Road.

NOTICE
Dissolution of Partnership

I, LINTON HENRY STEWARD, hereby notify the Public that as from July 1st, 1918, I have withdrawn from the Firm of Gibson & Steward, 8-A Peking Road, Shanghai, and have no further interest or connection with same as from this date.

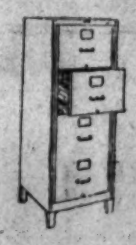
PARTNERSHIP
Notice of Retirement

NOTICE is hereby given that LINTON HENRY STEWARD has retired from the Firm of GIBSON & STEWARD, 8-A Peking Road, Shanghai, as from the 1st of July, 1918.

All debts due to and owing by the Firm of GIBSON & STEWARD, as from the date aforesaid will be received and paid by the undersigned, by whom the business of the said Firm will be carried on under the same style and Firm as heretofore.

Dated this First Day of July, 1918.
RICHARD RAYNER GIBSON,
Shanghai.
18567

W. Z. ZEE & SONS
(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1885)
A1270 BROADWAY & 617 TIENDONG ROAD, SHANGHAI.
Stocks of
Metals, Hardware and Sundries.
Contractors to
GOVERNMENTS, MUNICIPALITIES, RAILWAYS, TRAMWAYS, ETC.



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In Steel and Polished Oak
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MASON & CO.
CONFECTIONERS
No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD. (OPPOSITE RACE COURSE)
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$3.00 Per Hour
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BECAUSE IT IS CLEAN

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SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. No. 2660

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All Advertisements must be Prepaid

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Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table.
Telephone North 483.

No. 8 Quinsan Gardens
To let with board comfortable furnished rooms, with every convenience. Excellent cuisine, accommodation for table boarders. Terms moderate. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

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18624 J.7.

TO LET, nice comfortable attic room with board, in quiet British home. Terms moderate. 12a Quinsan Gardens.
18622 J.7.

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18540 J.12.

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WANTED to rent, for at least 6 months, a house of 5-6 rooms, preferably furnished, all improvements, garage desirable. Apply to Box 46, THE CHINA PRESS.
18610 J.6.

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PRIVATE lessons in English by certificated professional English lady teacher. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 28, THE CHINA PRESS.
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TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translator work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, 1 Museum Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 8

CATERING

ENGLISH LADY offers to cater for bachelors. Excellent cuisine at residence, or at her private home. Goods obtained from Dombey (Butchers). Apply to Box 48, THE CHINA PRESS.
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16 YANGTSZEPOO ROAD, 5 roomed-house, ready for immediate occupation. Apply to 10 Yangtszepoo Road.
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18576

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WANTED: European storekeeper for local Engineering and Shipbuilding Company. Applicant must be conversant with engineering supplies and materials. Apply to Box 47, THE CHINA PRESS.
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SELLING CHEAP: 1 doz. first-class rebuilt 12" Underwood typewriters. Fredk. Large & Co., 35 Canton Road. 1st floor.
18619 J.12.

ARTISTIC and attractive lettering for shop and window signs, showcards, posters, letterheadings, certificates, diplomas, bookcovers, etc. Monograms a specialty. Write Advertiser, Box 52, Chinese Post Office.
18618 J.9.

WANTED: Motor-cycle in good condition. Quote make, price and particulars to Box 49, THE CHINA PRESS.
18616 J.9.

WANTED to buy, Gentleman's wardrobe trunk and American cabin trunk. Apply to Box 51, THE CHINA PRESS.
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FOR SALE: One Indian power-plus motor cycle with side-car in almost new condition. Owner buying motor car. Apply to Box 33, THE CHINA PRESS.
18582 J.7.